T.RowePrice®



ANNUAL REPORT

May 31, 2023

PRIPX	T. ROWE PRICE Inflation Protected Bond Fund
TIIPX	Inflation Protected Bond Fund-I Class
TRZHX	Inflation Protected Bond Fund-Z Class
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HIGHLIGHTS

- The Inflation Protected Bond Fund recorded a negative return over the 12-month period ended May 31, 2023. The fund underperformed the Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index and its Lipper peer group average.
- Treasury inflation protected securities (TIPS) underperformed nominal Treasuries during the period as inflation expectations moderated and nominal Treasury yields increased to a lesser extent than real (inflation-adjusted) Treasury yields.
- Interest rate management detracted from the fund's relative results, while most non-TIPS allocations added value.
- We expect that the economy will slow and inflation will continue to moderate in the coming months due to the lagged effects of tighter monetary policy and credit conditions.

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Market Commentary

Dear Shareholder

Major global stock and bond indexes produced mixed returns during your fund's fiscal year, the 12-month period ended May 31, 2023. Rising interest rates weighed on returns in the first half of the period, but many sectors rebounded over the past six months as growth remained positive in the major economies and corporate earnings results came in stronger than expected.

For the 12-month period, growth stocks outperformed value shares, and developed market shares generally outpaced their emerging market counterparts. In the U.S., the Russell 1000 Growth Index and Nasdaq Composite Index performed the best. Most currencies weakened versus the U.S. dollar over the period, which weighed on returns for U.S. investors in international securities.

Within the S&P 500 Index, the information technology sector had, by far, the strongest returns. Big tech companies rebounded strongly at the start of 2023, helped in part by growing investor enthusiasm for artificial intelligence applications. Meanwhile, falling prices for various commodities weighed on returns for the materials and energy sectors, and turmoil in the banking sector, which included the failure of three large regional banks, hurt the financials segment. Real estate stocks also came under pressure amid concerns about the ability of some commercial property owners to refinance their debt.

Cheaper oil contributed to slowing inflation during the period, although core inflation readings—which exclude volatile food and energy prices—remained stubbornly high. April's consumer price index data (the latest available in our reporting period) showed a headline inflation rate of 4.9% on a 12-month basis, down from more than 8% at the start of the period but still well above the Fed's long-term 2% inflation target.

In response to persistent inflation, the Fed raised its short-term lending benchmark rate from around 1.00% at the start of the period to a range of 5.00% to 5.25% by the end of May, the highest level since 2007. However, Fed officials have recently suggested that they might soon be ready to pause additional rate hikes as they wait to see how the economy is progressing.

Bond yields increased considerably across the U.S. Treasury yield curve as the Fed tightened monetary policy, with the yield on the benchmark 10-year note climbing from 2.85% at the start of the period to 3.64% at the end of May.

Significant inversions in the yield curve, which are often considered a warning sign of a coming recession, occurred during the period as shorter-maturity Treasuries experienced the largest yield increases. At the end of May, the yield

on the three-month Treasury bill was 188 basis points (1.88 percentage point) higher than the yield on the 10-year Treasury note. Increasing yields led to weak results across most of the fixed income market, although high yield bonds, which are less sensitive to rising rates, held up relatively well.

Global economies and markets showed surprising resilience in recent months, but, moving into the second half of 2023, we believe investors could face potential challenges. The economic impact of the Fed's rate hikes has yet to be fully felt in the economy, and while the regional banking turmoil appears to have been contained by the swift actions of regulators, it could continue to have an impact on credit conditions. Moreover, the market consensus still seems to forecast a global recession starting later this year or in early 2024, although it could be a mild downturn.

We believe this environment makes skilled active management a critical tool for identifying risks and opportunities, and our investment teams will continue to use fundamental research to identify securities that can add value to your portfolio over the long term.

Thank you for your continued confidence in T. Rowe Price.

Sincerely,

Robert Sharps
CEO and President

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Management's Discussion of Fund Performance

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The fund seeks to provide inflation protection and income by investing primarily in inflation protected debt securities.

FUND COMMENTARY

How did the fund perform in the past 12 months?

PERFORMANCE COMPARISON							
	Total Return						
Periods Ended 5/31/23	6 Months	12 Months					
Inflation Protected Bond Fund	0.46%	-5.31%					
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- I Class	0.46	-5.22					
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- Z Class	0.56	-4.94					
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index	1.17	-4.20					
Lipper Inflation Protected Bond Funds Average	0.98	-3.85					

The Inflation Protected Bond Fund returned -5.31% for the 12 months ended May 31, 2023, underperforming its benchmark, the Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index, and its Lipper peer group average. (Returns for I and Z Class shares may vary, reflecting their different fee structures. Past performance cannot guarantee future results.)

What factors influenced the fund's performance?

U.S. Treasury inflation protected securities (TIPS) produced negative absolute results for the period due to an increase in real (inflation-adjusted) Treasury yields. The sector underperformed nominal Treasuries as inflation expectations moderated and nominal Treasury yields increased to a lesser extent than real Treasury yields.

Shorter-maturity TIPS outperformed TIPS with longer maturities as their lower duration left them less exposed to rising real yields. (Duration measures a bond's or a bond fund's sensitivity to changes in interest rates.)

Inflation measures remained elevated during the period, although there were signs that inflation was moderating. For the 12 months ended in April, the headline consumer price index (CPI) rose 4.9%, down from a rate of 8.6% at the start of the period and its smallest increase in two years. However, core inflation readings, which exclude food and energy prices, proved more persistent. The core personal consumption expenditures (PCE) price index, the Fed's preferred inflation gauge, was little changed over the last six months of the period and came in at 4.7% in April.

Ten-year break-even spreads, which are a measure of the market's inflation expectations, declined from 2.64% at the start of the period to 2.18% by the end of May. Falling oil prices and signs of slowing economic growth contributed to the moderation in the inflation outlook.

The fund's underperformance versus its benchmark was largely due to tactical decisions we made to manage interest rate risk during a very volatile period. A short relative duration posture in July 2022 was a notable detractor as yields moved lower during the month amid a rapid increase in investor concerns about slowing growth. Later in the period, a short overall duration posture as well as underweight exposure to the two-year portion of the curve presented a headwind to relative performance after turmoil in the banking sector disrupted the reflation narrative in the market.

Security selection also detracted, primarily due to our overweight exposure to short-term TIPS. This position, which had been beneficial for the portfolio earlier in 2022, underperformed in the third quarter after oil prices and breakeven spreads quickly fell on recessionary fears.

On the positive side, out-of-benchmark allocations to some non-TIPS sectors that we held during the period, including asset-backed securities (ABS), nominal Treasuries, and investment-grade (IG) corporates, contributed to relative results. Our cash position, which at times was larger than average as we shifted portfolio holdings, aided performance during periods of market volatility.

The fund uses derivatives to manage exposure to changes in break-even rates and interest rates as well as to manage positioning on the yield curve. During the 12-month period, our interest rate derivatives position detracted from absolute results.

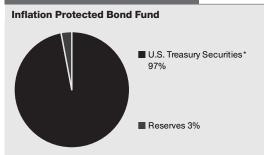
How is the fund positioned?

TIPS made up about 97% of the fund's net assets at the end of the reporting period, compared with 92% at the start of the 12-month period and 91% six months ago. We believe this allocation is appropriate as core inflation remains elevated, and we see the risk/reward trade-off of sectors with credit risk as unappealing at this point in the economic cycle.

During the period, we made tactical adjustments to our non-TIPS allocations in response to changing valuations in the market and our risk outlook. We reestablished a position in IG corporates as the sector traded at more attractive valuations during the market dislocations that occurred in August and September. The IG corporate addition was well timed, and we exited the position by the end of 2022 after credit spreads tightened.

Entering 2023, our non-benchmark credit allocations were concentrated in high-quality non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities and ABS. However, we significantly reduced these positions by period-end as valuations grew less attractive and consumer fundamentals began to decline.

CREDIT QUALITY DIVERSIFICATION



Based on net assets as of 5/31/23.

Sources: Credit ratings for the securities held in the fund are provided by Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch and are converted to the Standard & Poor's nomenclature. A rating of AAA represents the highest-rated securities, and a rating of D represents the lowest-rated securities. If the rating agencies differ, the highest rating is applied to the security. If a rating is not available, the security is classified as Not Rated. T. Rowe Price uses the rating of the underlying investment vehicle to determine the creditworthiness of credit default swaps. The fund is not rated by any agency. Securities that have not been rated by any rating agency totaled 0.06% of the portfolio at the end of the reporting period.

* U.S. Treasury securities are issued by the U.S. Treasury and are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. The ratings of U.S. Treasury securities are derived from the ratings on the U.S. government.

In terms of interest rate management, we believe that positioning for a steepening in the fiveyear/30-year portion of the nominal Treasury curve will be beneficial as the Fed's rate-hiking cycle comes to an end and recession risks grow through the end of this year and into 2024. In our view, the magnitude of the steepening trend will depend on how long the Fed keeps rates at levels above the longterm neutral rate. The longer a tight policy is in place, the more pronounced the steepening is likely to be.

What is portfolio management's outlook?

The May consumer price index data, which was released after our reporting period ended, showed further deceleration in headline inflation as food and energy prices have eased,

but progress in reducing core CPI remains slow. This has been driven by an unexpected uptick in used car prices, while the shelter category is taking longer than expected to reflect lower private sector rents. Excluding shelter and used cars, other sectors have been trending lower over the past three, six, and 12 months, a factor that could point to a more meaningful moderation in core CPI in the coming months.

Although the economy has been surprisingly resilient so far in 2023, our positioning in the portfolio is based on our view that the lagged effects of tight monetary policy and credit conditions have yet to be fully realized. Once this impact is more broadly felt, we expect that the economy will slow and inflation will continue to moderate. Potential risks to this view include the chance that inflation accelerates and the Fed keeps hiking or that productivity gains take hold and reduce inflation while keeping a recession at bay. We will continue to closely monitor incoming economic data and adjust the portfolio's positioning as needed.

Longer term, we continue to believe that inflation is likely to be higher in the coming years than it was in the prior decade. Structural forces like an aging population, deglobalization, and a higher willingness from politicians on both sides of the aisle to use fiscal policy to spur growth means inflation could reappear more quickly and be harder to tamp down than it was in the years following the 2008 global financial crisis.

Besides these factors, investors should also remember that an investment in TIPS can potentially help preserve real value in their portfolios over longer time periods; even low inflation can erode purchasing power. We will remain disciplined in our investment approach and use the firm's broad credit and interest rate research capabilities to add securities with attractive valuations to the portfolio.

The views expressed reflect the opinions of T. Rowe Price as of the date of this report and are subject to change based on changes in market, economic, or other conditions. These views are not intended to be a forecast of future events and are no guarantee of future results.

RISKS OF INVESTING IN THE FUND

Bonds are subject to interest rate risk, the decline in bond prices that usually accompanies a rise in interest rates, and credit risk, the chance that any fund holding could have its credit rating downgraded or that a bond issuer will default (fail to make timely payments of interest or principal), potentially reducing the fund's income level and share price.

During periods of extremely low or negative interest rates, the fund may not be able to maintain a positive yield or yields on par with historical levels. However, because most of the fund's holdings typically have an inflation adjustment feature, the fund should have less overall interest rate risk (but also a lower yield) than a traditional bond fund with a similar weighted average maturity.

When inflation is negative or concerns over inflation are low, the value and income of the fund's investments in inflation-linked securities could fall and result in losses for the fund. During some extreme environments, the quoted yield-to-maturity on an inflation-linked security may be negative. This may reflect that the rate of inflation is anticipated to be higher than the quoted yield-to-maturity of the bond or that market participants are willing to pay a premium to receive inflation protection.

The fund's investments in foreign securities may be adversely affected by political, social, and economic conditions overseas; reduced liquidity; or decreases in foreign currency values relative to the U.S. dollar.

BENCHMARK INFORMATION

Note: Bloomberg® and the Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index are service marks of Bloomberg Finance L.P. and its affiliates, including Bloomberg Index Services Limited ("BISL"), the administrator of the index (collectively, "Bloomberg") and have been licensed for use for certain purposes by T. Rowe Price. Bloomberg is not affiliated with T. Rowe Price, and Bloomberg does not approve, endorse, review, or recommend its products. Bloomberg does not guarantee the timeliness, accurateness, or completeness of any data or information relating to its products.

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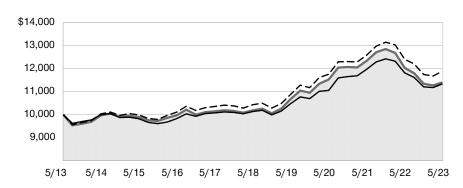
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GROWTH OF \$10,000

This chart shows the value of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment in the fund over the past 10 fiscal year periods or since inception (for funds lacking 10-year records). The result is compared with benchmarks, which include a broad-based market index and may also include a peer group average or index. Market indexes do not include expenses, which are deducted from fund returns as well as mutual fund averages and indexes.

INFLATION PROTECTED BOND FUND



	As of 5/31/23
—— Inflation Protected Bond Fund	\$11,401
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index	11,890
Lipper Inflation Protected Bond Funds Average	11,338

Note: Performance for the I and Z Class shares will vary due to their differing fee structures. See the Average Annual Compound Total Return table.

AVERAGE ANNUAL COMPOUND TOTAL RETURN

Periods Ended 5/31/23	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Inflation Protected Bond Fund	-5.31%	2.27%	1.32%	-	-
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- I Class	-5.22	2.44	-	2.45%	12/17/15
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- Z Class	-4.94	_	-	-2.10	2/22/21

This table shows how the fund would have performed each year if its actual (or cumulative) returns for the periods shown had been earned at a constant rate. Returns do not reflect taxes that the shareholder may pay on fund distributions or the redemption of fund shares. Past performance cannot guarantee future results.

EXPENSE RATIO

Inflation Protected Bond Fund	0.54%
Inflation Protected Bond Fund-I Class	0.41
Inflation Protected Bond Fund-Z Class	0.40

The expense ratio shown is as of the fund's most recent prospectus. This number may vary from the expense ratio shown elsewhere in this report because it is based on a different time period and, if applicable, includes acquired fund fees and expenses but does not include fee or expense waivers.

FUND EXPENSE EXAMPLE

As a mutual fund shareholder, you may incur two types of costs: (1) transaction costs, such as redemption fees or sales loads, and (2) ongoing costs, including management fees, distribution and service (12b-1) fees, and other fund expenses. The following example is intended to help you understand your ongoing costs (in dollars) of investing in the fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested at the beginning of the most recent six-month period and held for the entire period.

Please note that the fund has three share classes: The original share class (Investor Class) charges no distribution and service (12b-1) fee, I Class shares are also available to institutionally oriented clients and impose no 12b-1 or administrative fee payment, and Z Class shares are offered only to funds advised by T. Rowe Price and other advisory clients of T. Rowe Price or its affiliates that are subject to a contractual fee for investment management services and impose no 12b-1 fee or administrative fee payment. Each share class is presented separately in the table.

Actual Expenses

The first line of the following table (Actual) provides information about actual account values and expenses based on the fund's actual returns. You may use the information on this line, together with your account balance, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number on the first line under the heading "Expenses Paid During Period" to estimate the expenses you paid on your account during this period.

Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The information on the second line of the table (Hypothetical) is based on hypothetical account values and expenses derived from the fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed 5% per year rate of return before expenses (not the fund's actual return). You may compare the ongoing costs of investing in the fund with other funds by contrasting this 5% hypothetical example and the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other funds. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses you paid for the period.

FUND EXPENSE EXAMPLE (CONTINUED)

Note: T. Rowe Price charges an annual account service fee of \$20, generally for accounts with less than \$10,000. The fee is waived for any investor whose T. Rowe Price mutual fund accounts total \$50,000 or more; accounts electing to receive electronic delivery of account statements, transaction confirmations, prospectuses, and shareholder reports; or accounts of an investor who is a T. Rowe Price Personal Services or Enhanced Personal Services client (enrollment in these programs generally requires T. Rowe Price assets of at least \$250,000). This fee is not included in the accompanying table. If you are subject to the fee, keep it in mind when you are estimating the ongoing expenses of investing in the fund and when comparing the expenses of this fund with other funds.

You should also be aware that the expenses shown in the table highlight only your ongoing costs and do not reflect any transaction costs, such as redemption fees or sales loads. Therefore, the second line of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. To the extent a fund charges transaction costs, however, the total cost of owning that fund is higher.

INFLATION PROTECTED BOND FUND

	Beginning Account Value 12/1/22	Ending Account Value 5/31/23	Expenses Paid During Period* 12/1/22 to 5/31/23
Investor Class Actual	\$1,000.00	\$1,004.60	\$2.05
Hypothetical (assumes 5% return before expenses)	1,000.00	1,022.89	2.07
I Class Actual	1,000.00	1,004.60	1.10
Hypothetical (assumes 5% return before expenses)	1,000.00	1,023.83	1.11
Z Class Actual	1,000.00	1,005.60	0.00
Hypothetical (assumes 5% return before expenses)	1,000.00	1,024.93	0.00

^{*}Expenses are equal to the fund's annualized expense ratio for the 6-month period, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by the number of days in the most recent fiscal half year (182), and divided by the days in the year (365) to reflect the half-year period. The annualized expense ratio of the Investor Class was 0.41%, the I Class was 0.22%, and the Z Class was 0.00%.

QUARTER-END RETURNS

Periods Ended 3/31/23	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Inflation Protected Bond Fund	-7.40%	2.54%	1.11%	-	_
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- I Class	-7.23	2.72	_	2.69%	12/17/15
Inflation Protected Bond Fund- Z Class	-7.05	_	_	-1.71	2/22/21

The fund's performance information represents only past performance and is not necessarily an indication of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data cited. Share price, principal value, and return will vary, and you may have a gain or loss when you sell your shares. For the most recent month-end performance, please visit our website (troweprice.com) or contact a T. Rowe Price representative at 1-800-225-5132 or, for I and Z Class shares, 1-800-638-8790.

This table provides returns through the most recent calendar quarter-end rather than through the end of the fund's fiscal period. It shows how each class would have performed each year if its actual (or cumulative) returns for the periods shown had been earned at a constant rate. Average annual total return figures include changes in principal value, reinvested dividends, and capital gain distributions. Returns do not reflect taxes that the shareholder may pay on fund distributions or the redemption of fund shares. When assessing performance, investors should consider both short- and long-term returns.

For a share outstanding throughout each period

Investor Class										
		Year								
	E	Ended								
	5/	31/23	5/	31/22	5/	/31/21	5/	/31/20	5/	31/19
NET ASSET VALUE										
Beginning of period	\$	12.27	\$	13.25	\$	12.60	\$	11.93	\$	11.75
Investment activities										
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		0.55		0.72		0.24		0.23		0.27
Net realized and unrealized gain/										
loss		(1.20)		(1.00)		0.64		0.70		0.28
Total from investment activities		(0.65)		(0.28)		0.88		0.93		0.55
Diatributions										
Distributions Net investment income		(0.70)		(0.51)		(3)		(0.00)		(0.00)
		(0.79)		(0.51)				(0.08)		(0.08)
Net realized gain				(0.19)		(0.23)		(0.18)		(0.29)
Total distributions		(0.79)		(0.70)		(0.23)		(0.26)		(0.37)
NET ASSET VALUE										
End of period	\$	10.83	\$	12.27	\$	13.25	\$	12.60	\$	11.93

For a share outstanding throughout each period

Investor Class

Year Ended

5/31/23 5/31/22 5/31/21 5/31/20 5/31/19

Ratios/Supplemental Data					
Total return ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	(5.31)%	(2.48)%	7.05%	7.90%	4.87%
Ratios to average net assets: ⁽²⁾ Gross expenses before waivers/					
payments by Price Associates ⁽⁵⁾ Net expenses after waivers/	0.61%	0.54%	0.54%	0.57%	0.41%
payments by Price Associates	0.41%	0.38%	0.38%	0.40%	0.41%
Net investment income	4.85%	5.44%	1.86%	1.88%	2.32%
Portfolio turnover rate	175.0%	233.2%	155.1%	106.2%	111.6%
Net assets, end of period (in					
thousands)	\$273,207	\$433,261	\$501,782	\$343,863	\$355,147

⁽¹⁾ Per share amounts calculated using average shares outstanding method.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

⁽²⁾ See Note 6 for details of expense-related arrangements with Price Associates.

⁽³⁾ Amounts round to less than \$0.01 per share.

⁽⁴⁾ Total return reflects the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the fund during each period, assuming reinvestment of all distributions, and payment of no redemption or account fees, if applicable.

⁽⁵⁾ See Note 6. Prior to 5/31/20, the gross expense ratios presented are net of a management fee waiver in effect during the period, as applicable.

For a share outstanding throughout each period

I Class										
	`	Year								
	Е	nded								
	5/	31/23	5/	31/22	5/	31/21	5/	31/20	5/	31/19
NET ASSET VALUE	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Beginning of period	\$_	12.33	\$	13.31	\$	12.64	\$	11.96	\$	11.78
Investment activities										
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		0.57		0.89		0.28		0.26		0.30
Net realized and unrealized gain/										
loss		(1.22)		(1.15)		0.63		0.70		0.27
Total from investment activities		(0.65)		(0.26)		0.91		0.96		0.57
Distributions										
Net investment income		(0.82)		(0.53)		(0.01)		(0.10)		(0.10)
Net realized gain		(0.02)		(0.19)		(0.23)		(0.18)		(0.29)
Total distributions		(0.82)		(0.72)		(0.24)		(0.28)		(0.39)
rotal alottipations		_ (0.02)		_ (01)		\		(0.20)		_ (0.00)
NET ASSET VALUE										
End of period	\$	10.86	\$	12.33	\$	13.31	\$	12.64	\$	11.96

For a share outstanding throughout each period

I Class

Year Ended

5/31/23 5/31/22

5/31/21

5/31/20

5/31/19

Ratios/Supplemental Data

Total return ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(5.22)%	(2.32)%	7.22%	8.16%	5.05%
Ratios to average net assets: ⁽²⁾ Gross expenses before waivers/					
payments by Price Associates ⁽⁴⁾ Net expenses after waivers/	0.43%	0.41%	0.42%	0.47%	0.27%
payments by Price Associates	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%
Net investment income	5.01%	6.84%	2.11%	2.10%	2.58%
Portfolio turnover rate Net assets, end of period (in	175.0%	233.2%	155.1%	106.2%	111.6%
thousands)	\$250,199	\$302,153	\$87,344	\$45,680	\$43,447

⁽¹⁾ Per share amounts calculated using average shares outstanding method.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

⁽²⁾ See Note 6 for details of expense-related arrangements with Price Associates.

⁽³⁾ Total return reflects the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the fund during each period, assuming reinvestment of all distributions, and payment of no redemption or account fees, if applicable.

⁽⁴⁾ See Note 6. Prior to 5/31/20, the gross expense ratios presented are net of a management fee waiver in effect during the period, as applicable.

7 Class

For a share outstanding throughout each period

Z Olass	Year Ended 5/31/23	5/31/22	2/22/21 ⁽¹⁾ Through 5/31/21
NET ASSET VALUE	\$ 12.29	\$ 13.26	\$ 12.95
Beginning of period	\$ 12.29	\$ 13.26	\$ 12.95
Investment activities			
Net investment income ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	0.59	0.79	0.17
Net realized and unrealized gain/loss	(1.20)	(1.02)	0.14
Total from investment activities	(0.61)	(0.23)	0.31
Distributions			
Net investment income	(0.85)	(0.55)	_
Net realized gain	.	(0.19)	-
Total distributions	(0.85)	(0.74)	-
NET ASSET VALUE			
End of period	\$ 10.83	\$ 12.29	\$ 13.26

Ratios/Supplemental Data

Total return ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	(4.94)%	(2.10)%	2.39%
Ratios to average net assets:(3)			
Gross expenses before waivers/payments by Price			
Associates	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%(5)
Net expenses after waivers/payments by Price Associates	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%(5)
Net investment income	5.21%	6.02%	4.83%(5)
Portfolio turnover rate	175.0%	233.2%	155.1%
Net assets, end of period (in thousands)	\$84	\$95	\$102

⁽¹⁾ Inception date

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Per share amounts calculated using average shares outstanding method.

⁽³⁾ See Note 6 for details of expense-related arrangements with Price Associates.

⁽⁴⁾ Total return reflects the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the fund during each period, assuming reinvestment of all distributions, and payment of no redemption or account fees, if applicable. Total return is not annualized for periods less than one year.

⁽⁵⁾ Annualized

May 31, 2023

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS	Par/Shares	\$ Value
(Amounts in 000s)		
ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES 0.0%		
Other Asset-Backed Securities 0.0% Elara HGV Timeshare Issuer Series 2016-A, Class A		
2.73%, 4/25/28 (1) MVW Owner Trust Series 2018-1A, Class A	221	221
3.45%, 1/21/36 (1)	129	125
Total Asset-Backed Securities (Cost \$354)		346
MUNICIPAL SECURITIES 0.5%		
California 0.0%	000	044
California State Univ., Series B, 0.563%, 11/1/24	260	244 244
Colorado 0.0%		-
Denver City & County Airport System, Series C, 0.877%, 11/15/23	55	54
Denver City & County Airport System, Series C, 1.115%, 11/15/24		75
Georgia 0.0%		129
Atlanta Water & Wastewater, 0.407%, 11/1/23	45	44
Atlanta Water & Wastewater, 0.616%, 11/1/24	45	42
Illinois 0.3%		86
Illinois, Series A, GO, 2.84%, 10/1/23	1,350	1,337
Michigan 0.1%		1,337
Michigan Fin. Auth., Series A-1, 1.086%, 6/1/23	100	100
Michigan Fin. Auth., Series A-1, 1.376%, 6/1/24	225	215
T 000/		315
Texas 0.0%	20	00
Dallas Area Rapid Transit, 0.541%, 12/1/23 Dallas Area Rapid Transit, 0.761%, 12/1/24	30 25	29 24
20.007.100.1007.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.		53
West Virginia 0.1%		
Tobacco Settlement Fin. Auth., Class 1 Senior Bonds, Series A, 1.193%,	105	105
6/1/23 Tobacco Settlement Fin. Auth., Class 1 Senior Bonds, Series A, 1.497%,	135	135
6/1/24	180	172
		307
Total Municipal Securities		0.474
(Cost \$2,530)		2,471

	Par/Shares	\$ Value
(Amounts in 000s)		
NON-U.S. GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES 0.1%		
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations 0.1%		
Connecticut Avenue Securities		
Series 2017-C05, Class 1ED3, CMO, ARM	10	10
1M USD LIBOR + 1.20%, 6.338%, 1/25/30 Connecticut Avenue Securities	12	12
Series 2018-C03, Class 1EB2, CMO, ARM		
1M USD LIBOR + 0.85%, 5.988%, 10/25/30	272	271
Connecticut Avenue Securities		
Series 2018-C03, Class 1ED2, CMO, ARM		
1M USD LIBOR + 0.85%, 5.988%, 10/25/30	16	16
GS Mortgage-Backed Securities Trust		
Series 2014-EB1A, Class 2A1, CMO, ARM	-	-
3.869%, 7/25/44 (1) OBX Trust	5	5
Series 2020-EXP1, Class 2A1, CMO, ARM		
1M USD LIBOR + 0.75%, 5.888%, 2/25/60 (1)	28	26
Sequoia Mortgage Trust		
Series 2018-CH2, Class A3, CMO, ARM		
4.00%, 6/25/48 (1)	27	25
Sequoia Mortgage Trust		
Series 2018-CH3, Class A2, CMO, ARM	12	10
4.00%, 8/25/48 (1) Sequoia Mortgage Trust	12	12
Series 2018-CH4, Class A2, CMO, ARM		
4.00%, 10/25/48 (1)	3	3
Total Non-U.S. Government Mortgage-Backed Securities		
(Cost \$376)		370
U.S. GOVERNMENT & AGENCY MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES 0.0%		
U.S. Government Obligations 0.0%	125	117
Government National Mortgage Assn., CMO, 3.50%, 5/20/49	125	
Total U.S. Government & Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities (Cost \$125)		117
(COSE \$ 123)		!!!
U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCY OBLIGATIONS (EXCLUDING MORTGAGE-BACKED) 97.0%		
U.S. Treasury Obligations 97.0%		
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.125%, 2/15/51	2,559	1,698
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.125%, 2/15/52	6,596	4,362
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.25%, 2/15/50	9,291	6,478
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.625%, 2/15/43	9,769	8,015

	Par/Shares	\$ Value
(Amounts in 000s)		
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.75%, 2/15/42	15,223	12,942
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.75%, 2/15/45	1,994	1,648
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 0.875%, 2/15/47	12,619	10,586
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 1.00%, 2/15/46	10,948	9,504
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 1.00%, 2/15/48	796	684
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 1.00%, 2/15/49	9,913	8,506
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 1.375%, 2/15/44	8,136	7,666
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Bonds, 1.50%, 2/15/53	2,809	2,731
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 10/15/24	11,523	11,138
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 4/15/25	8,940	8,558
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 10/15/25	9,379	8,963
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 4/15/26	25,239	23,879
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 7/15/26	36,370	34,472
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 10/15/26	20,868	19,717
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 4/15/27	45,400	42,491
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 7/15/30	27,597	25,062
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 1/15/31	1,309	1,179
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 7/15/31	28,382	25,486
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.125%, 1/15/32	22,060	19,668
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.25%, 1/15/25	36,424	35,069
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.375%, 1/15/27	21,501	20,385
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 0.625%, 7/15/32	23,966	22,307
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 1.125%, 1/15/33	21,940	21,282
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 1.25%, 4/15/28	48,607	47,627
U.S. Treasury Inflation-Indexed Notes, 1.625%, 10/15/27 (2)	65,700	65,546
Total U.S. Government Agency Obligations (Excluding Mortgage-		
Backed) (Cost \$543,962)		507,649
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS 2.3%		
Money Market Funds 2.3%		
T. Rowe Price Treasury Reserve Fund, 5.10% (3)(4)	12,258	12,258
Total Short-Term Investments		
(Cost \$12,258)		12,258
Total Investments in Securities		
99.9% of Net Assets		
(Cost \$559,605)	\$_	523,211

- ‡ Par/Shares and Notional Amount are denominated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted.
- (1) Security was purchased pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933 and may be resold in transactions exempt from registration only to qualified institutional buyers. Total value of such securities at period-end amounts to \$417 and represents 0.1% of net assets.
- (2) At May 31, 2023, all or a portion of this security is pledged as collateral and/or margin deposit to cover future funding obligations.
- (3) Seven-day yield
- (4) Affiliated Companies
- 1M USD LIBOR One month USD LIBOR (London interbank offered rate)
 - ARM Adjustable Rate Mortgage (ARM); rate shown is effective rate at period-end. The rates for certain ARMs are not based on a published reference rate and spread but may be determined using a formula based on the rates of the underlying loans.
 - CMO Collateralized Mortgage Obligation
 - CPI Consumer Price Index
 - GO General Obligation
 - USD U.S. Dollar

(Amounts in 000s)	
SWAPS 0.1%	

Description	Notional Amount	\$ Value	Initial \$ Value	Unrealized \$ Gain/(Loss)
CENTRALLY CLEARED SWAPS 0.1%				
Zero-Coupon Inflation Swaps 0.1% 2 Year Zero-Coupon Inflation Swap Pay Fixed 3.328% at Maturity, Receive Variable				
(Change in CPI) at Maturity, 8/26/24	12,300	(178)	_	(178)
2 Year Zero-Coupon Inflation Swap Pay Fixed 3.515% at Maturity, Receive Variable				
(Change in CPI) at Maturity, 11/13/23	11,300	506	1_	505
Total Centrally Cleared Zero-Coupon Inflati	on Swaps			327
Total Centrally Cleared Swaps				327
Net payments (receipts) of variation margin	to date			(346)
Variation margin receivable (payable) on ce	ntrally cleare	ed swaps	\$	(19)

FUTURES CONTRACTS (\$000s) Value and Unrealized Expiration Notional Date Amount Gain (Loss) 64,792 Long, 594 U.S. Treasury Notes five year contracts 9/23 (34)Short, 117 Ultra U.S. Treasury Bonds contracts 9/23 (16,014)(262)

368 72

Net payments (receipts) of variation margin to date

Variation margin receivable (payable) on open futures contracts

AFFILIATED COMPANIES

(\$000s)

The fund may invest in certain securities that are considered affiliated companies. As defined by the 1940 Act, an affiliated company is one in which the fund owns 5% or more of the outstanding voting securities, or a company that is under common ownership or control. The following securities were considered affiliated companies for all or some portion of the year ended May 31, 2023. Net realized gain (loss), investment income, change in net unrealized gain/loss, and purchase and sales cost reflect all activity for the period then ended.

	Change in Net		
	Net Realized	Unrealized	Investment
Affiliate	Gain (Loss)	Gain/Loss	Income
T. Rowe Price Government Reserve Fund, 5.11% \$	- \$	_ ;	\$ 27++
T. Rowe Price Treasury Reserve Fund, 5.10%	-		458
Totals \$	- # \$	_ ;	\$ 485+

Supplementary Investment Schedule					
		Value	Purchase	Sales	Value
Affiliate		05/31/22	Cost	Cost	05/31/23
T. Rowe Price Government					
Reserve Fund, 5.11%	\$	_	۵	¤ \$	_
T. Rowe Price Treasury Reserve	Э				
Fund, 5.10%		21,534	a	¤	12,258
Total				\$	12,258^

- # Capital gain distributions from underlying Price funds represented \$0 of the net realized gain (loss).
- ++ Excludes earnings on securities lending collateral, which are subject to rebates and fees as described in Note 4.
- + Investment income comprised \$485 of dividend income and \$0 of interest income.
- Purchase and sale information not shown for cash management funds.
- ^ The cost basis of investments in affiliated companies was \$12,258.

May 31, 2023

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(\$000s, except shares and per share amounts)

Assets	
Investments in securities, at value (cost \$559,605)	\$ 523,211
Interest receivable	716
Receivable for shares sold	483
Variation margin receivable on futures contracts	72
Foreign currency (cost \$1)	1
Other assets	35
Total assets	524,518
Liabilities	
Payable for shares redeemed	784
Investment management fees payable	79
Due to affiliates	35
Variation margin payable on centrally cleared swaps	19
Other liabilities	111
Total liabilities	1,028
NET ASSETS	\$ 523,490

May 31, 2023

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(\$000s, except shares and per share amounts)

Net Assets Consist of:	
Total distributable earnings (loss)	\$ (114,344)
Paid-in capital applicable to 48,277,092 shares of \$0.0001 par value capital stock outstanding; 1,000,000,000 shares	
authorized	637,834
NET ASSETS	\$ 523,490
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE	
Investor Class	
(Net assets: \$273,207; Shares outstanding: 25,237,670)	\$ 10.83
I Class	
(Net assets: \$250,199; Shares outstanding: 23,031,700)	\$ 10.86
Z Class	
(Net assets: \$84; Shares outstanding: 7,722)	\$ 10.83

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

			Year
			Ended
			5/31/23
Investment Income (Loss)			
Income			
Interest		\$	33,159
Dividend			485
Securities lending			66
Total income			33,710
Expenses			
Investment management			2,164
Shareholder servicing			
Investor Class	\$ 764		
I Class	 89		853
Prospectus and shareholder reports			
Investor Class	46		
I Class	 9	-	55
Custody and accounting			209
Registration			100
Legal and audit			35
Proxy and annual meeting			6
Directors			2
Miscellaneous			14
Waived / paid by Price Associates			(1,316)
Total expenses			2,122
Net investment income			31,588

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Options written Forward currency exchange contracts Foreign currency transactions Net realized loss	(210) (331) (21) (62,637)
Change in net unrealized gain / loss Securities Futures Swaps Options written Forward currency exchange contracts Change in net unrealized gain / loss	(6,610) (667) (7,629) (3) 539 (14,370)
Net realized and unrealized gain / loss DECREASE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS	(77,007) \$ (45,419)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended 5/31/23	5/31/22
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		
Operations		
Net investment income	\$ 31,588	
Net realized loss	(62,637)	(12,330)
Change in net unrealized gain / loss	(14,370)	(55,698)
Decrease in net assets from operations	(45,419)	(26,453)
Distributions to shareholders		
Net earnings		
Investor Class	(23,499)	(32,750)
I Class	(19,831)	(6,806)
Z Class		(6)
Decrease in net assets from distributions	(43,337)	(39,562)
Capital share transactions*		
Shares sold		
Investor Class	155,662	402.693
I Class	81,833	,
Distributions reinvested	0.,000	0.2,00.
Investor Class	23,076	31,820
l Class	19,289	6,792
Shares redeemed	19,209	0,732
5.1d. 55.15d55.115d	(005,004)	(450.040)
Investor Class		(456,613)
I Class	(117,232)	(85,050)
Increase (decrease) in net assets from capital share		
transactions	(123,263)	212,296

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Year Ended 5/31/23	5/31/22
Net Assets		
Increase (decrease) during period	(212,019)	146,281
Beginning of period	735,509	589,228
End of period	\$ 523,490	\$ 735,509
*Share information (000s) Shares sold Investor Class	13,051	30,461
I Class Distributions reinvested	7,117	24,029
Investor Class	2,141	2,429
I Class	1,784	516
Shares redeemed		
Investor Class	(25,262)	(35,456)
I Class	(10,377)	(6,602)
Increase (decrease) in shares outstanding	(11,546)	15,377

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

T. Rowe Price Inflation Protected Bond Fund, Inc. (the fund) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the 1940 Act) as a diversified, open-end management investment company. The fund seeks to provide inflation protection and income by investing primarily in inflation-protected debt securities. The fund has three classes of shares: the Inflation Protected Bond Fund (Investor Class), the Inflation Protected Bond Fund-I Class (I Class) and the Inflation Protected Bond Fund-Z Class (Z Class). I Class shares require a \$500,000 initial investment minimum, although the minimum generally is waived or reduced for financial intermediaries, eligible retirement plans, and certain other accounts, Prior to November 15, 2021, the initial investment minimum was \$1 million and was generally waived for financial intermediaries, eligible retirement plans, and other certain accounts. As a result of the reduction in the I Class minimum, certain assets transferred from the Investor Class to the I Class. This transfer of shares from Investor Class to I Class is reflected in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets within the Capital shares transactions as Shares redeemed and Shares sold, respectively. The Z Class is only available to funds advised by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and its affiliates and other clients that are subject to a contractual fee for investment management services. Each class has exclusive voting rights on matters related solely to that class; separate voting rights on matters that relate to all classes; and, in all other respects, the same rights and obligations as the other classes.

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation The fund is an investment company and follows accounting and reporting guidance in the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946 (ASC 946). The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), including, but not limited to, ASC 946. GAAP requires the use of estimates made by management. Management believes that estimates and valuations are appropriate; however, actual results may differ from those estimates, and the valuations reflected in the accompanying financial statements may differ from the value ultimately realized upon sale or maturity.

Investment Transactions, Investment Income, and Distributions Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date basis. Income and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis. Realized gains and losses are reported on the identified cost basis. Premiums and discounts on debt securities are amortized for financial reporting purposes. Paydown gains and losses are recorded as an adjustment to interest

income. Inflation adjustments to the principal amount of inflation-indexed bonds are reflected as interest income. Income tax-related interest and penalties, if incurred, are recorded as income tax expense. Dividends received from other investment companies are reflected as dividend income; capital gain distributions are reflected as realized gain/loss. Dividend income and capital gain distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Non-cash dividends, if any, are recorded at the fair market value of the asset received. Proceeds from litigation payments, if any, are included in either net realized gain (loss) or change in net unrealized gain/loss from securities. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income distributions, if any, are declared by each class daily and paid monthly, except for distributions of inflation adjustments, if any, which are declared and paid annually. A capital gain distribution, if any, may also be declared and paid by the fund annually.

Currency Translation Assets, including investments, and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar values each day at the prevailing exchange rate, using the mean of the bid and asked prices of such currencies against U.S. dollars as provided by an outside pricing service. Purchases and sales of securities, income, and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at the prevailing exchange rate on the respective date of such transaction. The effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on realized and unrealized security gains and losses is not bifurcated from the portion attributable to changes in market prices.

Class Accounting Shareholder servicing, prospectus, and shareholder report expenses incurred by each class are charged directly to the class to which they relate. Expenses common to all classes and investment income are allocated to the classes based upon the relative daily net assets of each class's settled shares; realized and unrealized gains and losses are allocated based upon the relative daily net assets of each class's outstanding shares.

Capital Transactions Each investor's interest in the net assets of the fund is represented by fund shares. The fund's net asset value (NAV) per share is computed at the close of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), normally 4 p.m. ET, each day the NYSE is open for business. However, the NAV per share may be calculated at a time other than the normal close of the NYSE if trading on the NYSE is restricted, if the NYSE closes earlier, or as may be permitted by the SEC. Purchases and redemptions of fund shares are transacted at the next-computed NAV per share, after receipt of the transaction order by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc., or its agents.

New Accounting Guidance The FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU), ASU 2020–04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848) – Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting in March 2020 and ASU 2021-01 in

January 2021 which provided further amendments and clarifications to Topic 848. These ASUs provide optional, temporary relief with respect to the financial reporting of contracts subject to certain types of modifications due to the planned discontinuation of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), and other interbank-offered based reference rates, through December 31, 2022. In December 2022, FASB issued ASU 2022-06 which defers the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024, after which entities will no longer be permitted to apply the relief in Topic 848. Management intends to rely upon the relief provided under Topic 848, which is not expected to have a material impact on the fund's financial statements.

Indemnification In the normal course of business, the fund may provide indemnification in connection with its officers and directors, service providers, and/or private company investments. The fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown; however, the risk of material loss is currently considered to be remote.

NOTE 2 - VALUATION

Fair Value The fund's financial instruments are valued at the close of the NYSE and are reported at fair value, which GAAP defines as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fund's Board of Directors (the Board) has designated T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. as the fund's valuation designee (Valuation Designee). Subject to oversight by the Board, the Valuation Designee performs the following functions in performing fair value determinations: assesses and manages valuation risks; establishes and applies fair value methodologies; tests fair value methodologies; and evaluates pricing vendors and pricing agents. The duties and responsibilities of the Valuation Designee are performed by its Valuation Committee. The Valuation Designee provides periodic reporting to the Board on valuation matters.

Various valuation techniques and inputs are used to determine the fair value of financial instruments. GAAP establishes the following fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments that the fund can access at the reporting date
- Level 2 inputs other than Level 1 quoted prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar financial instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar financial instruments in inactive markets, interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads)

Level 3 – unobservable inputs (including the Valuation Designee's assumptions in determining fair value)

Observable inputs are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and reflect the assumptions that market participants would use to price the financial instrument. Unobservable inputs are those for which market data are not available and are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use to price the financial instrument. GAAP requires valuation techniques to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. When multiple inputs are used to derive fair value, the financial instrument is assigned to the level within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value of the financial instrument. Input levels are not necessarily an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with financial instruments at that level but rather the degree of judgment used in determining those values.

Valuation Techniques Debt securities generally are traded in the over-the-counter (OTC) market and are valued at prices furnished by independent pricing services or by broker dealers who make markets in such securities. When valuing securities, the independent pricing services consider factors such as, but not limited to, the yield or price of bonds of comparable quality, coupon, maturity, and type, as well as prices quoted by dealers who make markets in such securities.

Investments in mutual funds are valued at the mutual fund's closing NAV per share on the day of valuation. Futures contracts are valued at closing settlement prices. Swaps are valued at prices furnished by an independent pricing service or independent swap dealers. Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments, including short-term receivables and payables, are carried at cost, or estimated realizable value, if less, which approximates fair value.

Investments for which market quotations are not readily available or deemed unreliable are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Valuation Designee. The Valuation Designee has adopted methodologies for determining the fair value of investments for which market quotations are not readily available or deemed unreliable, including the use of other pricing sources. Factors used in determining fair value vary by type of investment and may include market or investment specific considerations. The Valuation Designee typically will afford greatest weight to actual prices in arm's length transactions, to the extent they represent orderly transactions between market participants, transaction information can be reliably obtained, and prices are deemed representative of fair value. However, the Valuation Designee may also consider other valuation methods such as market-based valuation multiples; a discount or premium

from market value of a similar, freely traded security of the same issuer; discounted cash flows; yield to maturity; or some combination. Fair value determinations are reviewed on a regular basis. Because any fair value determination involves a significant amount of judgment, there is a degree of subjectivity inherent in such pricing decisions. Fair value prices determined by the Valuation Designee could differ from those of other market participants, and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security.

Valuation Inputs The following table summarizes the fund's financial instruments, based on the inputs used to determine their fair values on May 31, 2023 (for further detail by category, please refer to the accompanying Portfolio of Investments):

(\$000s)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Value
Assets				
Fixed Income Securities ¹	\$ _	\$ 510,953	\$ - :	\$ 510,953
Short-Term Investments	12,258	_	_	12,258
Total Securities	 12,258	510,953	_	523,211
Swaps*	_	505	_	505
			•	
Total	\$ 12,258	\$ 511,458	\$ _ :	\$ 523,716
Liabilities				
Swaps*	\$ _	\$ 178	\$ _ :	\$ 178
Futures Contracts*	296	_	_	296
Total	\$ 296	\$ 178	\$ - :	\$ 474

¹ Includes Asset-Backed Securities, Municipal Securities, Non-U.S. Government Mortgage-Backed Securities, U.S. Government & Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities and U.S. Government Agency Obligations (Excluding Mortgage-Backed).

^{*}The fair value presented includes cumulative gain (loss) on open futures contracts and centrally cleared swaps; however, the net value reflected on the accompanying Portfolio of Investments is only the unsettled variation margin receivable (payable) at that date.

NOTE 3 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

During the year ended May 31, 2023, the fund invested in derivative instruments. As defined by GAAP, a derivative is a financial instrument whose value is derived from an underlying security price, foreign exchange rate, interest rate, index of prices or rates, or other variable; it requires little or no initial investment and permits or requires net settlement. The fund invests in derivatives only if the expected risks and rewards are consistent with its investment objectives, policies, and overall risk profile, as described in its prospectus and Statement of Additional Information. The fund may use derivatives for a variety of purposes and may use them to establish both long and short positions within the fund's portfolio. Potential uses include to hedge against declines in principal value, increase yield, invest in an asset with greater efficiency and at a lower cost than is possible through direct investment, to enhance return, or to adjust portfolio duration and credit exposure. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from, and potentially much greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the instruments on which the derivatives are based.

The fund values its derivatives at fair value and recognizes changes in fair value currently in its results of operations. Accordingly, the fund does not follow hedge accounting, even for derivatives employed as economic hedges. Generally, the fund accounts for its derivatives on a gross basis. It does not offset the fair value of derivative liabilities against the fair value of derivative assets on its financial statements, nor does it offset the fair value of derivative instruments against the right to reclaim or obligation to return collateral. The following table summarizes the fair value of the fund's derivative instruments held as of May 31, 2023, and the related location on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities, presented by primary underlying risk exposure:

(\$000s)	Location on Statement of	
	Assets and Liabilities	Fair Value*
Assets		
Inflation derivatives	Centrally Cleared Swaps	\$ 505
Total		\$ 505
Liabilities		
Liabilities		
Inflation derivatives	Centrally Cleared Swaps	\$ 178
Interest rate derivatives	Futures	296
Total		\$ 474

^{*} The fair value presented includes cumulative gain (loss) on open futures contracts and centrally cleared swaps; however, the value reflected on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities is only the unsettled variation margin receivable (payable) at that date.

Additionally, the amount of gains and losses on derivative instruments recognized in fund earnings during the year ended May 31, 2023, and the related location on the accompanying Statement of Operations, is summarized in the following table by primary underlying risk exposure:

(\$000s)			-	Location o	f G	ain (Loss)	on S	Statemer	nt of	Operatio	ns	
	Secu	urities^		Options Written		Futures	C Ex	Forward urrency change ontracts		Swaps		Total
Realized Gain (Loss)												
Inflation derivatives	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,440	\$	7,440
Interest rate derivatives		73		(246)		(4,454)		_		_		(4,627)
Foreign exchange derivatives		(116)		36		_		(331)		_		(411)
Credit derivatives		_		_		_		_		(18)		(18)
Total	\$	(43)	\$	(210)	\$	(4,454)	\$	(331)	\$	7,422	\$	2,384
Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)												
Inflation derivatives	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(7,629)	\$	(7,629)
Interest rate derivatives		8		(3)		(667)		_		_		(662)
Foreign exchange derivatives		_		_		_		539		_		539
Total	\$	8	\$	(3)	\$	(667)	\$	539	\$	(7,629)	\$	(7,752)

[^] Options purchased are reported as securities.

Counterparty Risk and Collateral The fund invests in derivatives in various markets, which expose it to differing levels of counterparty risk. Counterparty risk on exchange-traded and centrally cleared derivative contracts, such as futures, exchange-traded options, and centrally cleared swaps, is minimal because the clearinghouse provides protection against counterparty defaults. For futures and centrally cleared swaps, the fund is required to deposit collateral in an amount specified by the clearinghouse and the clearing firm (margin requirement), and the margin requirement must be maintained over the life of the contract. Each clearinghouse and clearing firm, in its sole discretion, may adjust the margin requirements applicable to the fund.

Derivatives, such as non-cleared bilateral swaps, forward currency exchange contracts, and OTC options, that are transacted and settle directly with a counterparty (bilateral derivatives) may expose the fund to greater counterparty risk. To mitigate this risk, the fund has entered into master netting arrangements (MNAs) with certain counterparties that permit net settlement under specified conditions and, for certain counterparties, also require the exchange of collateral to cover mark-to-market exposure. MNAs may be in the form of International Swaps and Derivatives Association master agreements (ISDAs) or foreign exchange letter agreements (FX letters).

MNAs provide the ability to offset amounts the fund owes a counterparty against amounts the counterparty owes the fund (net settlement). Both ISDAs and FX letters generally allow termination of transactions and net settlement upon the occurrence of contractually specified events, such as failure to pay or bankruptcy. In addition, ISDAs specify other events, the occurrence of which would allow one of the parties to terminate. For example, a downgrade in credit rating of a counterparty below a specified rating would allow the fund to terminate, while a decline in the fund's net assets of more than a specified percentage would allow the counterparty to terminate. Upon termination, all transactions with that counterparty would be liquidated and a net termination amount settled. ISDAs typically include collateral agreements whereas FX letters do not. Collateral requirements are determined daily based on the net aggregate unrealized gain or loss on all bilateral derivatives with a counterparty, subject to minimum transfer amounts that typically range from \$100,000 to \$250,000. Any additional collateral required due to changes in security values is typically transferred the next business day.

Collateral may be in the form of cash or debt securities issued by the U.S. government or related agencies, although other securities may be used depending on the terms outlined in the applicable MNA. Cash posted by the fund is reflected as cash deposits in the accompanying financial statements and generally is restricted from withdrawal by the fund; securities posted by the fund are so noted in the accompanying Portfolio of Investments; both remain in the fund's assets. Collateral pledged by counterparties

is not included in the fund's assets because the fund does not obtain effective control over those assets. For bilateral derivatives, collateral posted or received by the fund is held in a segregated account at the fund's custodian. While typically not sold in the same manner as equity or fixed income securities, exchange-traded or centrally cleared derivatives may be closed out only on the exchange or clearinghouse where the contracts were cleared, and OTC and bilateral derivatives may be unwound with counterparties or transactions assigned to other counterparties to allow the fund to exit the transaction. This ability is subject to the liquidity of underlying positions. As of May 31, 2023, no collateral was pledged by either the fund or counterparties for bilateral derivatives. As of May 31, 2023, securities valued at \$835,000 had been posted by the fund for exchange-traded and/or centrally cleared derivatives.

Forward Currency Exchange Contracts The fund is subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. It may use forward currency exchange contracts (forwards) primarily to protect its non-U.S. dollardenominated securities from adverse currency movements or to increase exposure to a particular foreign currency, to shift the fund's foreign currency exposure from one country to another, or to enhance the fund's return. A forward involves an obligation to purchase or sell a fixed amount of a specific currency on a future date at a price set at the time of the contract. Although certain forwards may be settled by exchanging only the net gain or loss on the contract, most forwards are settled with the exchange of the underlying currencies in accordance with the specified terms. Forwards are valued at the unrealized gain or loss on the contract, which reflects the net amount the fund either is entitled to receive or obligated to deliver, as measured by the difference between the forward exchange rates at the date of entry into the contract and the forward rates at the reporting date. Appreciated forwards are reflected as assets and depreciated forwards are reflected as liabilities on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Risks related to the use of forwards include the possible failure of counterparties to meet the terms of the agreements; that anticipated currency movements will not occur, thereby reducing the fund's total return; and the potential for losses in excess of the fund's initial investment. During the year ended May 31, 2023, the volume of the fund's activity in forwards, based on underlying notional amounts, was generally between 0% and 1% of net assets.

Futures Contracts The fund is subject to interest rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives and uses futures contracts to help manage such risk. The fund may enter into futures contracts to manage exposure to interest rate and yield curve movements, security prices, foreign currencies, credit quality, and mortgage prepayments; as an efficient means of adjusting exposure to all or part of a target market; to enhance income; as a cash management tool; or to adjust portfolio

duration and credit exposure. A futures contract provides for the future sale by one party and purchase by another of a specified amount of a specific underlying financial instrument at an agreed-upon price, date, time, and place. The fund currently invests only in exchange-traded futures, which generally are standardized as to maturity date, underlying financial instrument, and other contract terms. Payments are made or received by the fund each day to settle daily fluctuations in the value of the contract (variation margin), which reflect changes in the value of the underlying financial instrument. Variation margin is recorded as unrealized gain or loss until the contract is closed. The value of a futures contract included in net assets is the amount of unsettled variation margin; net variation margin receivable is reflected as an asset and net variation margin payable is reflected as a liability on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Risks related to the use of futures contracts include possible illiquidity of the futures markets, contract prices that can be highly volatile and imperfectly correlated to movements in hedged security values and/or interest rates, and potential losses in excess of the fund's initial investment. During the year ended May 31, 2023, the volume of the fund's activity in futures, based on underlying notional amounts, was generally between 2% and 35% of net assets.

Options The fund is subject to interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives and uses options to help manage such risks. The fund may use options to manage exposure to security prices, interest rates, foreign currencies, and credit quality; as an efficient means of adjusting exposure to all or a part of a target market; to enhance income; as a cash management tool; or to adjust credit exposure. Options are included in net assets at fair value, options purchased are included in Investments in Securities, and options written are separately reflected as a liability on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Premiums on unexercised, expired options are recorded as realized gains or losses; premiums on exercised options are recorded as an adjustment to the proceeds from the sale or cost of the purchase. The difference between the premium and the amount received or paid in a closing transaction is also treated as realized gain or loss. In return for a premium paid, call and put options on futures give the holder the right, but not the obligation, to purchase or sell, respectively, a position in a particular futures contract at a specified exercise price. In return for a premium paid, currency options give the holder the right, but not the obligation, to buy and sell currency at a specified exchange rate; although certain currency options may be settled by exchanging only the net gain or loss on the contract. Risks related to the use of options include possible illiquidity of the options markets; trading restrictions imposed by an exchange or counterparty; possible failure of counterparties to meet the terms of the agreements; movements in the underlying asset values, interest rates and currency values; and, for options written, the

potential for losses to exceed any premium received by the fund. During the year ended May 31, 2023, the volume of the fund's activity in options, based on underlying notional amounts, was generally between 0% and 7% of net assets.

Swaps The fund is subject to credit risk and inflation risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives and uses swap contracts to help manage such risks. The fund may use swaps in an effort to manage both long and short exposure to changes in interest rates, inflation rates, and credit quality; to adjust overall exposure to certain markets; to enhance total return or protect the value of portfolio securities; to serve as a cash management tool; or to adjust portfolio duration and credit exposure. Swap agreements can be settled either directly with the counterparty (bilateral swap) or through a central clearinghouse (centrally cleared swap). Fluctuations in the fair value of a contract are reflected in unrealized gain or loss and are reclassified to realized gain or loss upon contract termination or cash settlement. Net periodic receipts or payments required by a contract increase or decrease, respectively, the value of the contract until the contractual payment date, at which time such amounts are reclassified from unrealized to realized gain or loss. For bilateral swaps, cash payments are made or received by the fund on a periodic basis in accordance with contract terms; unrealized gain on contracts and premiums paid are reflected as assets and unrealized loss on contracts and premiums received are reflected as liabilities on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities. For bilateral swaps, premiums paid or received are amortized over the life of the swap and are recognized as realized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations. For centrally cleared swaps, payments are made or received by the fund each day to settle the daily fluctuation in the value of the contract (variation margin). Accordingly, the value of a centrally cleared swap included in net assets is the unsettled variation margin; net variation margin receivable is reflected as an asset and net variation margin payable is reflected as a liability on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Credit default swaps are agreements where one party (the protection buyer) agrees to make periodic payments to another party (the protection seller) in exchange for protection against specified credit events, such as certain defaults and bankruptcies related to an underlying credit instrument, or issuer or index of such instruments. Upon occurrence of a specified credit event, the protection seller is required to pay the buyer the difference between the notional amount of the swap and the value of the underlying credit, either in the form of a net cash settlement or by paying the gross notional amount and accepting delivery of the relevant underlying credit. For credit default swaps where the underlying credit is an index, a specified credit event may affect all or individual underlying securities included in the index and will be settled based upon the relative weighting of the affected underlying security(ies) within the index. Risks related to the

use of credit default swaps include the possible inability of the fund to accurately assess the current and future creditworthiness of underlying issuers, the possible failure of a counterparty to perform in accordance with the terms of the swap agreements, potential government regulation that could adversely affect the fund's swap investments, and potential losses in excess of the fund's initial investment.

Zero-coupon inflation swaps are agreements to exchange cash flows, on the contract's maturity date, based on the difference between a predetermined fixed rate and the cumulative change in the consumer price index, both applied to a notional principal amount for a specified period of time. Risks related to the use of zero-coupon inflation swaps include the potential for unanticipated movements in inflation rates, the possible failure of a counterparty to perform in accordance with the terms of the swap agreements, potential government regulation that could adversely affect the fund's swap investments, and potential losses in excess of the fund's initial investment.

During the year ended May 31, 2023, the volume of the fund's activity in swaps, based on underlying notional amounts, was generally between 4% and 15% of net assets.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS

Consistent with its investment objective, the fund engages in the following practices to manage exposure to certain risks and/or to enhance performance. The investment objective, policies, program, and risk factors of the fund are described more fully in the fund's prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

Restricted Securities The fund invests in securities that are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale. Prompt sale of such securities at an acceptable price may be difficult and may involve substantial delays and additional costs.

Collateralized Loan Obligations The fund invests in collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) which are entities backed by a diversified pool of syndicated bank loans. The cash flows of the CLO can be split into multiple segments, called "tranches" or "classes", which will vary in risk profile and yield. The riskiest segments, which are the subordinate or "equity" tranches, bear the greatest risk of loss from defaults in the underlying assets of the CLO and serve to protect the other, more senior, tranches. Senior tranches will typically have higher credit ratings and lower yields than the securities underlying the CLO. Despite the protection from the more junior tranches, senior tranches can experience substantial losses.

Mortgage-Backed Securities The fund invests in mortgage-backed securities (MBS or pass-through certificates) that represent an interest in a pool of specific underlying mortgage loans and entitle the fund to the periodic payments of principal and interest from those mortgages. MBS may be issued by government agencies or corporations, or private issuers. Most MBS issued by government agencies are guaranteed; however, the degree of protection differs based on the issuer. MBS are sensitive to changes in economic conditions that affect the rate of prepayments and defaults on the underlying mortgages; accordingly, the value, income, and related cash flows from MBS may be more volatile than other debt instruments.

TBA Purchase, Sale Commitments and Forward Settling Mortgage Obligations The fund enters into to-be-announced (TBA) purchase or sale commitments (collectively, TBA transactions), pursuant to which it agrees to purchase or sell, respectively, mortgage-backed securities for a fixed unit price, with payment and delivery at a scheduled future date beyond the customary settlement period for such securities. With TBA transactions, the particular securities to be received or delivered by the fund are not identified at the trade date; however, the securities must meet specified terms, including rate and mortgage term, and be within industry-accepted "good delivery" standards. The fund may enter into TBA transactions with the intention of taking possession of or relinquishing the underlying securities, may elect to extend the settlement by "rolling" the transaction, and/or may use TBA transactions to gain or reduce interim exposure to underlying securities. Until settlement, the fund maintains liquid assets sufficient to settle its commitment to purchase a TBA or, in the case of a sale commitment, the fund maintains an entitlement to the security to be sold.

To mitigate counterparty risk, the fund has entered into Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreements (MSFTA) with counterparties that provide for collateral and the right to offset amounts due to or from those counterparties under specified conditions. Subject to minimum transfer amounts, collateral requirements are determined and transfers made based on the net aggregate unrealized gain or loss on all TBA commitments and other forward settling mortgage obligations with a particular counterparty (collectively, MSFTA Transactions). At any time, the fund's risk of loss from a particular counterparty related to its MSFTA Transactions is the aggregate unrealized gain on appreciated MSFTA Transactions in excess of unrealized loss on depreciated MSFTA Transactions and collateral received, if any, from such counterparty. As of May 31, 2023, no collateral was pledged by the fund or counterparties for MSFTA Transactions.

LIBOR Transition The fund may invest in instruments that are tied to reference rates, including LIBOR. Over the course of the last several years, global regulators have indicated an intent to phase out the use of LIBOR and similar interbank offered

rates (IBOR). There remains uncertainty regarding the future utilization of LIBOR and the nature of any replacement rate. Any potential effects of the transition away from LIBOR on the fund, or on certain instruments in which the fund invests, cannot yet be determined. The transition process may result in, among other things, an increase in volatility or illiquidity of markets for instruments that currently rely on LIBOR, a reduction in the value of certain instruments held by the fund, or a reduction in the effectiveness of related fund transactions such as hedges. Any such effects could have an adverse impact on the fund's performance.

Securities Lending The fund may lend its securities to approved borrowers to earn additional income. Its securities lending activities are administered by a lending agent in accordance with a securities lending agreement. Security loans generally do not have stated maturity dates, and the fund may recall a security at any time. The fund receives collateral in the form of cash or U.S. government securities. Collateral is maintained over the life of the loan in an amount not less than the value of loaned securities; any additional collateral required due to changes in security values is delivered to the fund the next business day. Cash collateral is invested in accordance with investment guidelines approved by fund management. Additionally, the lending agent indemnifies the fund against losses resulting from borrower default. Although risk is mitigated by the collateral and indemnification, the fund could experience a delay in recovering its securities and a possible loss of income or value if the borrower fails to return the securities, collateral investments decline in value, and the lending agent fails to perform. Securities lending revenue consists of earnings on invested collateral and borrowing fees, net of any rebates to the borrower, compensation to the lending agent, and other administrative costs. In accordance with GAAP, investments made with cash collateral are reflected in the accompanying financial statements, but collateral received in the form of securities is not. At May 31, 2023, there were no securities on loan.

Other Purchases and sales of portfolio securities other than short-term and U.S. government securities aggregated \$48,672,000 and \$70,632,000, respectively, for the year ended May 31, 2023. Purchases and sales of U.S. government securities aggregated \$1,035,031,000 and \$1,169,336,000, respectively, for the year ended May 31, 2023.

NOTE 5 - FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

Generally, no provision for federal income taxes is required since the fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code and distribute to shareholders all of its taxable income and gains. Distributions determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations may differ in amount or character from net investment income and realized gains for financial reporting purposes.

The fund files U.S. federal, state, and local tax returns as required. The fund's tax returns are subject to examination by the relevant tax authorities until expiration of the applicable statute of limitations, which is generally three years after the filing of the tax return but which can be extended to six years in certain circumstances. Tax returns for open years have incorporated no uncertain tax positions that require a provision for income taxes.

Capital accounts within the financial reporting records are adjusted for permanent book/tax differences to reflect tax character but are not adjusted for temporary differences. The permanent book/tax adjustments, if any, have no impact on results of operations or net assets. The permanent book/tax adjustments relate primarily to the character of net currency gains or losses.

The tax character of distributions paid for the periods presented was as follows:

(\$000s)			
	ay 31, 023		May 31, 2022
Ordinary income (including short-term capital gains, if any)	\$ 43,337	\$	31,632
Long-term capital gain	 _	*************	7,930
Total distributions	\$ 43,337	\$	39,562

At May 31, 2023, the tax-basis cost of investments (including derivatives, if any) and gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation were as follows:

(\$000s)	
Cost of investments	\$ 567,959
Unrealized appreciation	\$ 659
Unrealized depreciation	(45,079)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$ (44,420)

At May 31, 2023, the tax-basis components of accumulated net earnings (loss) were as follows:

(\$000s)	
Undistributed ordinary income	\$ 6,410
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(44,420)
Loss carryforwards and deferrals	(76,334)
Total distributable earnings (loss)	\$ (114,344)

Temporary differences between book-basis and tax-basis components of total distributable earnings (loss) arise when certain items of income, gain, or loss are recognized in different periods for financial statement purposes versus for tax purposes; these differences will reverse in a subsequent reporting period. The temporary differences relate primarily to the deferral of losses from wash sales and the realization of gains/losses on certain open derivative contracts. The loss carryforwards and deferrals primarily relate to capital loss carryforwards and straddle deferrals. Capital loss carryforwards are available indefinitely to offset future realized capital gains.

NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The fund is managed by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. (Price Associates), a wholly owned subsidiary of T. Rowe Price Group, Inc. (Price Group). Price Associates has entered into a sub-advisory agreement(s) with one or more of its wholly owned subsidiaries, to provide investment advisory services to the fund. The investment management agreement between the fund and Price Associates provides for an annual investment management fee, which is computed daily and paid monthly. The fee consists of an individual fund fee, equal to 0.05% of the fund's average daily net assets, and a group fee. The group fee rate is calculated based on the combined net assets of certain mutual funds sponsored by Price Associates (the group) applied to a graduated fee schedule, with rates ranging from 0.48% for the first \$1 billion of assets to 0.260% for assets in excess of \$845 billion. The fund's group fee is determined by applying the group fee rate to the fund's average daily net assets. At May 31, 2023, the effective annual group fee rate was 0.29%. Effective August 1, 2017, Price Associates has contractually agreed, at least through September 30, 2023, to waive a portion of its management fee in order to limit the fund's management fees to 0.17% of the fund's average daily net assets. Thereafter, this agreement will automatically renew for oneyear terms unless terminated or modified by the fund's Board. Any fees waived under this agreement are not subject to reimbursement to Price Associates by the fund. The

total management fees waived were \$1,045,000 and allocated ratably in the amounts of \$596,000 for the Investor Class, \$449,000 for the I Class, and less than \$1,000 for the Z Class, for the year ended May 31, 2023.

The Investor Class is subject to a contractual expense limitation through the expense limitation date indicated in the table below. During the limitation period, Price Associates is required to waive its management fee or pay any expenses (excluding interest; expenses related to borrowings, taxes, and brokerage; non-recurring, extraordinary expenses; and acquired fund fees and expenses) that would otherwise cause the class's ratio of annualized total expenses to average net assets (net expense ratio) to exceed its expense limitation. The class is required to repay Price Associates for expenses previously waived/paid to the extent the class's net assets grow or expenses decline sufficiently to allow repayment without causing the class's net expense ratio (after the repayment is taken into account) to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time such amounts were waived; or (2) the class's current expense limitation. However, no repayment will be made more than three years after the date of a payment or waiver.

The I Class is also subject to an operating expense limitation (I Class Limit) pursuant to which Price Associates is contractually required to pay all operating expenses of the I Class, excluding management fees; interest; expenses related to borrowings, taxes, and brokerage; non-recurring, extraordinary expenses; and acquired fund fees and expenses, to the extent such operating expenses, on an annualized basis, exceed the I Class Limit. This agreement will continue through the expense limitation date indicated in the table below, and may be renewed, revised, or revoked only with approval of the fund's Board. The I Class is required to repay Price Associates for expenses previously paid to the extent the class's net assets grow or expenses decline sufficiently to allow repayment without causing the class's operating expenses (after the repayment is taken into account) to exceed the lesser of: (1) the I Class Limit in place at the time such amounts were paid; or (2) the current I Class Limit. However, no repayment will be made more than three years after the date of a payment or waiver.

The Z Class is also subject to a contractual expense limitation agreement whereby Price Associates has agreed to waive and/or bear all of the Z Class' expenses (excluding interest; expenses related to borrowings, taxes, and brokerage; non-recurring, extraordinary expenses; and acquired fund fees and expenses) in their entirety. This fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement arrangement is expected to remain in place indefinitely, and the agreement may only be amended or terminated with approval by the fund's Board. Expenses of the fund waived/paid by the manager are not subject to later repayment by the fund.

Pursuant to these agreements, expenses were waived/paid by and/or repaid to Price Associates during the year ended May 31, 2023 as indicated in the table below. Including these amounts, expenses previously waived/paid by Price Associates in the amount of \$343,000 remain subject to repayment by the fund at May 31, 2023. Any repayment of expenses previously waived/paid by Price Associates during the period would be included in the net investment income and expense ratios presented on the accompanying Financial Highlights.

	Investor Class	I Class	Z Class
Expense limitation/I Class Limit	0.41%	0.05%	0.00%
Expense limitation date	09/30/23	09/30/23	N/A
(Waived)/repaid during the period (\$000s)	\$(153)	\$(118)	\$—(1)

⁽¹⁾ Amount rounds to less than \$1,000

In addition, the fund has entered into service agreements with Price Associates and two wholly owned subsidiaries of Price Associates, each an affiliate of the fund (collectively, Price). Price Associates provides certain accounting and administrative services to the fund. T. Rowe Price Services, Inc. provides shareholder and administrative services in its capacity as the fund's transfer and dividend-disbursing agent. T. Rowe Price Retirement Plan Services, Inc. provides subaccounting and recordkeeping services for certain retirement accounts invested in the Investor Class. For the year ended May 31, 2023, expenses incurred pursuant to these service agreements were \$109,000 for Price Associates; \$423,000 for T. Rowe Price Services, Inc.; and \$50,000 for T. Rowe Price Retirement Plan Services, Inc. All amounts due to and due from Price, exclusive of investment management fees payable, are presented net on the accompanying Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Mutual funds, trusts, and other accounts managed by Price Associates or its affiliates (collectively, Price Funds and accounts) may invest in the fund. No Price fund or account may invest for the purpose of exercising management or control over the fund. At May 31, 2023, approximately 1% of the I Class's outstanding shares were held by Price Funds and accounts.

The fund may invest its cash reserves in certain open-end management investment companies managed by Price Associates and considered affiliates of the fund: the T. Rowe Price Government Reserve Fund or the T. Rowe Price Treasury Reserve Fund, organized as money market funds (together, the Price Reserve Funds). The Price Reserve Funds are offered as short-term investment options to mutual funds, trusts, and other accounts managed by Price Associates or its affiliates and are not available for direct

purchase by members of the public. Cash collateral from securities lending, if any, is invested in the T. Rowe Price Government Reserve Fund. The Price Reserve Funds pay no investment management fees.

As of May 31, 2023, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., or its wholly owned subsidiaries, owned 7,722 shares of the Z Class, representing 100% of the Z Class's net assets.

The fund may participate in securities purchase and sale transactions with other funds or accounts advised by Price Associates (cross trades), in accordance with procedures adopted by the fund's Board and Securities and Exchange Commission rules, which require, among other things, that such purchase and sale cross trades be effected at the independent current market price of the security. During the year ended May 31, 2023, the fund had no purchases or sales cross trades with other funds or accounts advised by Price Associates.

NOTE 7 - OTHER MATTERS

Unpredictable events such as environmental or natural disasters, war, terrorism, pandemics, outbreaks of infectious diseases, and similar public health threats may significantly affect the economy and the markets and issuers in which the fund invests. Certain events may cause instability across global markets, including reduced liquidity and disruptions in trading markets, while some events may affect certain geographic regions, countries, sectors, and industries more significantly than others, and exacerbate other pre-existing political, social, and economic risks.

Since 2020, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) has resulted in disruptions to global business activity and caused significant volatility and declines in global financial markets.

In February 2022, Russian forces entered Ukraine and commenced an armed conflict leading to economic sanctions being imposed on Russia and certain of its citizens, creating impacts on Russian-related stocks and debt and greater volatility in global markets.

In March 2023, the collapse of some US regional and global banks as well as overall concerns around the soundness and stability of the global banking sector has sparked concerns of a broader financial crisis impacting the overall global banking sector. In certain cases, government agencies have assumed control or otherwise intervened in the operations of certain banks due to liquidity and solvency concerns. The extent of impact of these events on the US and global markets is highly uncertain.

These are recent examples of global events which may have a negative impact on the values of certain portfolio holdings or the fund's overall performance. Management is actively monitoring the risks and financial impacts arising from these events.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of T. Rowe Price Inflation Protected Bond Fund, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of T. Rowe Price Inflation Protected Bond Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") as of May 31, 2023, the related statement of operations for the year ended May 31, 2023, the statement of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period ended May 31, 2023, including the related notes, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of May 31, 2023, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period ended May 31, 2023 and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM (CONTINUED)

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of May 31, 2023 by correspondence with the custodians, transfer agent and brokers; when replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Baltimore, Maryland July 20, 2023

We have served as the auditor of one or more investment companies in the T. Rowe Price group of investment companies since 1973.

TAX INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) FOR THE TAX YEAR ENDED 5/31/23

We are providing this information as required by the Internal Revenue Code. The amounts shown may differ from those elsewhere in this report because of differences between tax and financial reporting requirements.

For shareholders subject to interest expense deduction limitation under Section 163(j), \$31,151,000 of the fund's income qualifies as a Section 163(j) interest dividend and can be treated as interest income for purposes of Section 163(j), subject to holding period requirements and other limitations.

INFORMATION ON PROXY VOTING POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND RECORDS

A description of the policies and procedures used by T. Rowe Price funds to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available in each fund's Statement of Additional Information. You may request this document by calling 1-800-225-5132 or by accessing the SEC's website, sec.gov.

The description of our proxy voting policies and procedures is also available on our corporate website. To access it, please visit the following Web page:

https://www.troweprice.com/corporate/us/en/utility/policies.html

Scroll down to the section near the bottom of the page that says, "Proxy Voting Guidelines." Click on the links in the shaded box.

Each fund's most recent annual proxy voting record is available on our website and through the SEC's website. To access it through T. Rowe Price, visit the website location shown above, and scroll down to the section near the bottom of the page that says, "Proxy Voting Records." Click on the Proxy Voting Records link in the shaded box.

HOW TO OBTAIN QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The fund files a complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year as an exhibit to its reports on Form N-PORT. The fund's reports on Form N-PORT are available electronically on the SEC's website (sec.gov). In addition, most T. Rowe Price funds disclose their first and third fiscal quarter-end holdings on **troweprice.com**.

Each year, the fund's Board of Directors (Board) considers the continuation of the investment management agreement (Advisory Contract) between the fund and its investment adviser, T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. (Adviser), as well as the investment subadvisory agreements (Subadvisory Contracts) that the Adviser has entered into with T. Rowe Price International Ltd and T. Rowe Price Hong Kong Limited (Subadvisers) on behalf of the fund. In that regard, at a meeting held on March 6–7, 2023 (Meeting), the Board, including all of the fund's independent directors, approved the continuation of the fund's Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts. At the Meeting, the Board considered the factors and reached the conclusions described below relating to the selection of the Adviser and Subadvisers and the approval of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts. The independent directors were assisted in their evaluation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts by independent legal counsel from whom they received separate legal advice and with whom they met separately.

In providing information to the Board, the Adviser was guided by a detailed set of requests for information submitted by independent legal counsel on behalf of the independent directors. In considering and approving the continuation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts, the Board considered the information it believed was relevant, including, but not limited to, the information discussed below. The Board considered not only the specific information presented in connection with the Meeting but also the knowledge gained over time through interaction with the Adviser and Subadvisers about various topics. The Board meets regularly and, at each of its meetings, covers an extensive agenda of topics and materials and considers factors that are relevant to its annual consideration of the renewal of the T. Rowe Price funds' advisory contracts, including performance and the services and support provided to the funds and their shareholders.

Services Provided by the Adviser and Subadvisers

The Board considered the nature, quality, and extent of the services provided to the fund by the Adviser and Subadvisers. These services included, but were not limited to, directing the fund's investments in accordance with its investment program and the overall management of the fund's portfolio, as well as a variety of related activities such as financial, investment operations, and administrative services; compliance; maintaining the fund's records and registrations; and shareholder communications. The Board also reviewed the background and experience of the Adviser's and Subadvisers' senior management teams and investment personnel involved in the management of the fund, as well as the Adviser's compliance record. The Board concluded that the information it considered with respect to the nature, quality, and extent of the services provided by the Adviser and Subadvisers, as well as the other factors considered at the Meeting, supported the Board's approval of the continuation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts.

Investment Performance of the Fund

The Board took into account discussions with the Adviser and detailed reports that it regularly receives throughout the year on relative and absolute performance for the T. Rowe Price funds. In connection with the Meeting, the Board reviewed information provided by the Adviser that compared the fund's total returns, as well as a wide variety of other previously agreed-upon performance measures and market data, against relevant benchmark indexes and peer groups of funds with similar investment programs for various periods through December 31, 2022. Additionally, the Board reviewed the fund's relative performance information as of September 30, 2022, which ranked the returns of the fund's Investor Class for various periods against a universe of funds with similar investment programs selected by Broadridge, an independent provider of mutual fund data. In the course of its deliberations, the Board considered performance information provided throughout the year and in connection with the Advisory Contract review at the Meeting, as well as information provided during investment review meetings conducted with portfolio managers and senior investment personnel during the course of the year regarding the fund's performance. The Board also considered relevant factors, such as overall market conditions and trends that could adversely impact the fund's performance, length of the fund's performance track record, and how closely the fund's strategies align with its benchmarks and peer groups. The Board concluded that the information it considered with respect to the fund's performance, as well as the other factors considered at the Meeting, supported the Board's approval of the continuation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts.

Costs, Benefits, Profits, and Economies of Scale

The Board reviewed detailed information regarding the revenues received by the Adviser under the Advisory Contract and other direct and indirect benefits that the Adviser (and its affiliates) may have realized from its relationship with the fund. In considering soft-dollar arrangements pursuant to which research may be received from broker-dealers that execute the fund's portfolio transactions, the Board noted that the Adviser bears the cost of research services for all client accounts that it advises, including the T. Rowe Price funds. The Board received information on the estimated costs incurred and profits realized by the Adviser from managing the T. Rowe Price funds. The Board also reviewed estimates of the profits realized from managing the fund in particular, and the Board concluded that the Adviser's profits were reasonable in light of the services provided to the fund.

The Board also considered whether the fund benefits under the fee levels set forth in the Advisory Contract or otherwise from any economies of scale realized by the Adviser. Under the Advisory Contract, the fund pays a fee to the Adviser for investment management services composed of two components—a group fee rate based on the combined average net assets of most of the T. Rowe Price funds (including the fund) that declines at certain asset levels and an individual fund fee rate based on the fund's

average daily net assets—and the fund pays its own expenses of operations. However, the fund is also subject to a contractual management fee waiver arrangement that requires the Adviser to waive a portion of its management fees in order to limit the fund's overall management fee rate to 0.17% of the fund's average daily net assets. Under each Subadvisory Contract, the Adviser may pay the Subadviser up to 60% of the advisory fees that the Adviser receives from the fund. The group fee rate decreases as total T. Rowe Price fund assets grow, which reduces the management fee rate for any fund that has a group fee component to its management fee, and reflects that certain resources utilized to operate the fund are shared with other T. Rowe Price funds thus allowing shareholders of those funds to share potential economies of scale. In addition to the management fee waiver arrangement, the fund is also subject to contractual expense limitations that require the Adviser to waive its fees and/or bear any expenses that would cause a share class of the fund to exceed a certain percentage based on the class's net assets. The expense limitations mitigate the potential for an increase in operating expenses above a certain level that could impact shareholders.

The fund also offers a Z Class, which serves as an underlying investment within certain T. Rowe Price fund of funds arrangements. The Adviser waives its advisory fee on the Z Class and waives or bears the Z Class's other operating expenses, with certain exceptions. The Board considered whether the advisory fee and operating expense waivers on the Z Class may present a means for cross-subsidization of the Z Class by other share classes of the fund. In that regard, the Board noted that the Z Class operating expenses are largely covered by the all-inclusive fees charged by the investing T. Rowe Price fund of funds and that any Z Class operating expenses not covered by the investing T. Rowe Price fund of funds' fees are paid by the Adviser and not by shareholders of any other share class of the fund.

In addition, the Board noted that the fund potentially shares in indirect economies of scale through the Adviser's ongoing investments in its business in support of the T. Rowe Price funds, including investments in trading systems, technology, and regulatory support enhancements, and the ability to possibly negotiate lower fee arrangements with third-party service providers. The Board concluded that the advisory fee structure for the fund provides for a reasonable sharing of benefits from any economies of scale with the fund's investors.

Fees and Expenses

The Board was provided with information regarding industry trends in management fees and expenses. Among other things, the Board reviewed data for peer groups that were compiled by Broadridge, which compared: (i) contractual management fees, actual management fees, nonmanagement expenses, and total expenses of the Investor Class of the fund with a group of competitor funds selected by Broadridge (Expense Group) and (ii) actual management fees, nonmanagement expenses, and total expenses of the Investor Class of the fund with a broader set of funds within the Lipper investment

classification (Expense Universe). The Board considered the fund's contractual management fee rate, actual management fee rate (which reflects the management fees actually received from the fund by the Adviser after any applicable waivers, reductions, or reimbursements), operating expenses, and total expenses (which reflect the net total expense ratio of the fund after any waivers, reductions, or reimbursements) in comparison with the information for the Broadridge peer groups. Broadridge generally constructed the peer groups by seeking the most comparable funds based on similar investment classifications and objectives, expense structure, asset size, and operating components and attributes and ranked funds into quintiles, with the first quintile representing the funds with the lowest relative expenses and the fifth quintile representing the funds with the highest relative expenses. The information provided to the Board indicated that the fund's contractual management fee ranked in the second quintile (Expense Group), the fund's actual management fee rate ranked in the first quintile (Expense Group and Expense Universe), and the fund's total expenses ranked in the first quintile (Expense Group and Expense Universe).

The Board also reviewed the fee schedules for other investment portfolios with similar mandates that are advised or subadvised by the Adviser and its affiliates, including separately managed accounts for institutional and individual investors; subadvised funds; and other sponsored investment portfolios, including collective investment trusts and pooled vehicles organized and offered to investors outside the United States. Management provided the Board with information about the Adviser's responsibilities and services provided to subadvisory and other institutional account clients, including information about how the requirements and economics of the institutional business are fundamentally different from those of the proprietary mutual fund business. The Board considered information showing that the Adviser's mutual fund business is generally more complex from a business and compliance perspective than its institutional account business and considered various relevant factors, such as the broader scope of operations and oversight, more extensive shareholder communication infrastructure, greater asset flows, heightened business risks, and differences in applicable laws and regulations associated with the Adviser's proprietary mutual fund business. In assessing the reasonableness of the fund's management fee rate, the Board considered the differences in the nature of the services required for the Adviser to manage its mutual fund business versus managing a discrete pool of assets as a subadviser to another institution's mutual fund or for an institutional account and that the Adviser generally performs significant additional services and assumes greater risk in managing the fund and other T. Rowe Price funds than it does for institutional account clients, including subadvised funds.

On the basis of the information provided and the factors considered, the Board concluded that the fees paid by the fund under the Advisory Contract are reasonable.

Approval of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts

As noted, the Board approved the continuation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts. No single factor was considered in isolation or to be determinative to the decision. Rather, the Board concluded, in light of a weighting and balancing of all factors considered, that it was in the best interests of the fund and its shareholders for the Board to approve the continuation of the Advisory Contract and Subadvisory Contracts (including the fees to be charged for services thereunder).

ABOUT THE FUND'S DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Your fund is overseen by a Board of Directors (Board) that meets regularly to review a wide variety of matters affecting or potentially affecting the fund, including performance, investment programs, compliance matters, advisory fees and expenses, service providers, and business and regulatory affairs. The Board elects the fund's officers, who are listed in the final table. The directors who are also employees or officers of T. Rowe Price are considered to be "interested" directors as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act because of their relationships with T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. (T. Rowe Price), and its affiliates. The business address of each director and officer is 100 East Pratt Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202. The Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the fund directors and is available without charge by calling a T. Rowe Price representative at 1-800-638-5660.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS(a)

Name (Year of Birth) Year Elected [Number of T. Rowe Price	Principal Occupation(s) and Directorships of Public Companies and
Portfolios Overseen]	Other Investment Companies During the Past Five Years
Teresa Bryce Bazemore (1959) 2018 [210]	President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco (2021 to present); Chief Executive Officer, Bazemore Consulting LLC (2018 to 2021); Director, Chimera Investment Corporation (2017 to 2021); Director, First Industrial Realty Trust (2020 to present); Director, Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (2017 to 2019)
Melody Bianchetto (1966) 2023 [210]	Advisory Board Member; Vice President for Finance, University of Virginia (2015 to 2023)
Bruce W. Duncan (1951) 2013 [210]	President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director, CyrusOne, Inc. (2020 to 2021); Chair of the Board (2016 to 2020) and President (2009 to 2016), First Industrial Realty Trust, owner and operator of industrial properties; Member, Investment Company Institute Board of Governors (2017 to 2019); Member, Independent Directors Council Governing Board (2017 to 2019); Senior Advisor, KKR (2018 to 2022); Director, Boston Properties (2016 to present); Director, Marriott International, Inc. (2016 to 2020)
Robert J. Gerrard, Jr. (1952) 2013 [210]	Chair of the Board, all funds (July 2018 to present)
Paul F. McBride (1956) 2013 [210]	Advisory Board Member, Vizzia Technologies (2015 to present); Board Member, Dunbar Armored (2012 to 2018)

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS(a) (CONTINUED)

Name (Year of Birth) Year Elected [Number of T. Rowe Price Portfolios Overseen]	Principal Occupation(s) and Directorships of Public Companies and Other Investment Companies During the Past Five Years
Mark J. Parrell (1966) 2023 [210]	Advisory Board Member; Board of Trustees Member and Chief Executive Officer (2019 to present), President (2018 to present), Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (2007 to 2018), and Senior Vice President and Treasurer (2005 to 2007), EQR; Member and Chair, Nareit Dividends Through Diversity, Equity & Inclusion CEO Council, Nareit 2021 Audit and Investment Committee (2021); Advisory Board, Ross Business School at University of Michigan (2015 to 2016); Member and Chair of the Finance Committee, National Multifamily Housing Council (2015 to 2016); Member, Economic Club of Chicago; Director, Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. (2015 to 2017); Director, Aviv REIT, Inc. (2013 to 2015); Director, Real Estate Roundtable (July 2021 to present) and the 2022 Executive Board Nareit (November 2021 to present); Board of Directors and Chair of the Finance Committee, Greater Chicago Food Depository (July 2017 to present)
Kellye L. Walker (1966) 2021 [210]	Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer, Eastman Chemical Company (April 2020 to present); Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer, Huntington Ingalls Industries, Inc. (January 2015 to March 2020); Director, Lincoln Electric Company (October 2020 to present)

⁽a) All information about the independent directors was current as of December 31, 2022, unless otherwise indicated, except for the number of portfolios overseen, which is current as of the date of this report.

INTERESTED DIRECTORS(a)

INTERESTED DIRECTORS				
Name (Year of Birth) Year Elected [Number of T. Rowe Price Portfolios Overseen]	Principal Occupation(s) and Directorships of Public Companies and Other Investment Companies During the Past Five Years			
David Oestreicher (1967) 2018 [210]	Director, Vice President, and Secretary, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Investment Services, Inc., T. Rowe Price Retirement Plan Services, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Services, Inc.; Director and Secretary, T. Rowe Price Investment Management, Inc. (Price Investment Management); Vice President and Secretary, T. Rowe Price International (Price International); Vice President, T. Rowe Price Hong Kong (Price Hong Kong), T. Rowe Price Japan (Price Japan), and T. Rowe Price Singapore (Price Singapore); General Counsel, Vice President, and Secretary, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.; Chair of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, President, and Secretary, T. Rowe Price Trust Company; Principal Executive Officer and Executive Vice President, all funds			

INTERESTED DIRECTORS(a) (CONTINUED)

Name	N	а	n	1	е
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(Year of Birth) Year Elected [Number of T. Rowe Price Portfolios Overseen]	Principal Occupation(s) and Directorships of Public Companies and Other Investment Companies During the Past Five Years
Eric L. Veiel, CFA (1972) 2022 [210]	Director and Vice President, T. Rowe Price; Vice President, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company

⁽a) All information about the interested directors was current as of December 31, 2022, unless otherwise indicated, except for the number of portfolios overseen, which is current as of the date of this report.

OFFICERS

Name	Year	of	Birth)
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Position Held With Inflation Protected Bond Fund	Principal Occupation(s)
Stephen L. Bartolini, CFA (1977) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company
Armando (Dino) Capasso (1974) Chief Compliance Officer	Chief Compliance Officer and Vice President, T. Rowe Price and Price Investment Management; Vice President, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.; formerly, Chief Compliance Officer, PGIM Investments LLC and AST Investment Services, Inc. (ASTIS) (to 2022); Chief Compliance Officer, PGIM Retail Funds complex and Prudential Insurance Funds (to 2022); Vice President and Deputy Chief Compliance Officer, PGIM Investments LLC and ASTIS (to 2019)
Ramon Roberto de Castro (1966) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price and T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.
Alan S. Dupski, CPA (1982) Principal Financial Officer, Vice President, and Treasurer	Vice President, Price Investment Management, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company
Quentin S. Fitzsimmons (1968) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and Price International
Gary J. Greb (1961) Vice President	Vice President, Price Investment Management, T. Rowe Price, Price International, and T. Rowe Price Trust Company
Cheryl Hampton, CPA (1969) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price; formerly, Tax Director, Invesco Ltd. (to 2021); Vice President, Oppenheimer Funds, Inc. (to 2019)

Unless otherwise noted, officers have been employees of T. Rowe Price or Price International for at least 5 years.

OFFICERS (CONTINUED)

Name (Year of Birth) Position Held With Inflation Protected Bond Fund	Principal Occupation(s)
Geoffrey M. Hardin (1971) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price and T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.
Benjamin Kersse, CPA (1989) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price
Paul J. Krug, CPA (1964) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company
Fran M. Pollack-Matz (1961) Vice President and Secretary	Vice President, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., T. Rowe Price Investment Services, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Services, Inc.
Shannon H. Rauser (1987) Assistant Secretary	Assistant Vice President, T. Rowe Price
Richard Sennett, CPA (1970) Assistant Treasurer	Vice President, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company
Michael K. Sewell (1982) President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price and T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.
Christopher J. Temple, CFA (1978) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price and T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.
Siby Thomas (1979) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price and T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.
Blerina Uruci (1984) Vice President	Vice President, T. Rowe Price; formerly, Senior U.S. Economist, Barclays Capital (to 2022)
Megan Warren (1968) Vice President	OFAC Sanctions Compliance Officer and Vice President, Price Investment Management; Vice President, T. Rowe Price, T. Rowe Price Group, Inc., T. Rowe Price Retirement Plan Services, Inc., T. Rowe Price Services, Inc., and T. Rowe Price Trust Company

Unless otherwise noted, officers have been employees of T. Rowe Price or Price International for at least 5 years.











T.RowePrice®

100 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202

Call 1-800-225-5132 to request a prospectus or summary prospectus; each includes investment objectives, risks, fees, expenses, and other information that you should read and consider carefully before investing.