



T. ROWE PRICE FUNDS OEIC

Emerging Markets Discovery Equity Fund – Class C Acc

As at 30 June 2024

Figures shown in GBP



Portfolio Manager:
Ernest Yeung

Managed Fund Since:
2019

Joined Firm:
2003

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

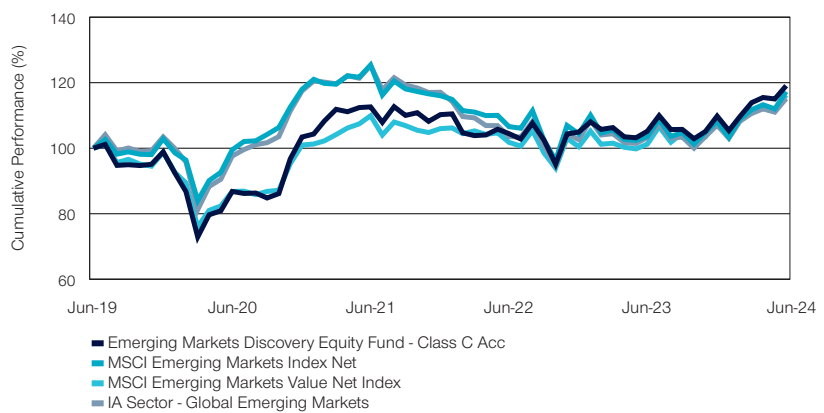
To increase the value of its shares through growth in the value of its investments. The fund is actively managed and invests mainly in a widely diversified portfolio of shares of emerging market companies. For full investment objective and policy details refer to the prospectus.



FUND OVERVIEW

Ongoing Charges - based on financial year ending 30 Jun 2024	0.84%
Maximum Initial Charge	—
Minimum Investment	£10,000
Inception Date of Fund	25 Jun 2019
Inception Date - Class C Acc	25 Jun 2019
Base Currency of Fund	GBP
Share Class Currency	GBP
Categories of Shares	Accumulation
Total Fund Assets	£51.4 million
Number of Issuers	69
Percent in Cash	-1.6%
Morningstar Category™	EAA Fund Global Emerging Markets Equity
IA Sector	IA Sector - Global Emerging Markets
Class C Acc - ISIN Code	GB00BJL36Z72
Class C Acc - Bloomberg Code	TREDECA:LN

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE



CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE

(NAV, total return)	Inception Date	One Month	Three Months	Year-to-Date	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Since Inception
Class C Acc	25 Jun 2019	3.52%	4.53%	8.44%	13.20%	5.73%	19.07%	20.18%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index Net		4.69%	4.93%	8.40%	13.19%	-6.50%	17.27%	18.38%
MSCI Emerging Markets Value Net Index		4.08%	5.01%	7.36%	14.79%	5.73%	16.22%	17.10%
IA Sector - Global Emerging Markets		3.76%	4.11%	7.62%	11.54%	-8.04%	14.08%	15.47%
IA Sector Ranking		111 out of 166	84 out of 165	70 out of 164	54 out of 164	28 out of 150	52 out of 130	

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE

(NAV, total return)	30 Jun 2019 to 30 Jun 2020	30 Jun 2020 to 30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2021 to 30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2022 to 30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2023 to 30 Jun 2024
Class C Acc	-13.19%	29.72%	-7.26%	0.72%	13.20%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index Net	-0.49%	26.03%	-15.01%	-2.80%	13.19%
MSCI Emerging Markets Value Net Index	-13.21%	26.64%	-7.40%	-0.53%	14.79%
IA Sector - Global Emerging Markets	-3.31%	28.29%	-17.33%	-0.31%	11.54%

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Source for performance: T. Rowe Price. Fund performance is calculated using the official NAV with distributions reinvested, if any. Sales charges, taxes and other locally applied costs have not been deducted and if applicable, they will reduce the performance figures.

Benchmark use: Investors may use these benchmarks to compare the fund's performance. The primary benchmark has been selected because it is similar to the investment universe used by the investment manager and therefore acts as an appropriate comparator overall. The secondary benchmark has been selected to reflect the value style of the fund and investors may use it as additional information to compare the fund's performance.

The investment manager is not constrained by any country, sector and/or individual security weightings relative to the benchmarks and has complete freedom to invest in securities that do not form part of the benchmarks. MSCI Index returns are shown with net dividends reinvested.

Index returns are calculated in US Dollars and converted to GBP using an exchange rate determined by an independent third party.

IA Sector: Many UK funds are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the "IA") (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to help investors to compare funds with broadly similar characteristics. Investors may compare the fund against the performance of the Global Emerging Markets sector. This sector represents the average performance of certain funds 80% or more of their assets in equities from emerging market countries as defined by the relevant FTSE or MSCI Emerging Markets and Frontier indices. The maximum frontier equity exposure is restricted to 20% of the total fund. It can therefore serve as a method of comparing the fund's performance with other funds that have broadly similar characteristics. The fund is not constrained to or managed in line with this sector. Source for IA Sector Data: © Morningstar. All Rights Reserved.

KEY FUND RISKS

Country (China) - Chinese investments may be subject to higher levels of risks such as liquidity, currency, regulatory and legal risks due to the structure of the local market. **Country (Russia and Ukraine)** - Russian and Ukrainian investments may be subject to higher risks associated with custody and counterparties, liquidity, market disruptions, as well as strong or sudden political risks. **Country (Saudi Arabia)** - Saudi Arabian investments may be subject to higher operational and settlement risk due to the structure of the local market. **Currency** - Currency exchange rate movements could reduce investment gains or increase investment losses. **Emerging markets** - Emerging markets are less established than developed markets and therefore involve higher risks. **Equity** - Equities can lose value rapidly for a variety of reasons and can remain at low prices indefinitely. **ESG** - ESG integration as well as events may result in a material negative impact on the value of an investment and performance of the fund. **Geographic concentration** - Geographic concentration risk may result in performance being more strongly affected by any social, political, economic, environmental or market conditions affecting those countries or regions in which the fund's assets are concentrated. **Small and mid-cap** - Small and mid-size company stock prices can be more volatile than stock prices of larger companies. **Style** - Style risk may impact performance as different investment styles go in and out of favor depending on market conditions and investor sentiment.

TOP 10 ISSUERS

Issuer	Country/Industry	% of Fund
Samsung Electronics	South Korea/Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	6.4
Hon Hai Precision Industry	Taiwan/Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	3.2
Alibaba Group Holding	China/Broadline Retail	3.0
MediaTek	Taiwan/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	2.9
SK Hynix	South Korea/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	2.9
Reliance Industries	India/Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	2.6
ICICI Bank	India/Banks	2.5
Hyundai Motor	South Korea/Automobiles	2.3
Prosus	Netherlands/Broadline Retail	2.1
Shriram Finance	India/Consumer Finance	2.0

GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSIFICATION (TOP 15)

Country	% of Fund	Fund vs. Comparator Benchmark
China	26.0	0.8
India	14.8	-4.4
South Korea	14.7	2.5
Taiwan	10.5	-8.9
Brazil	6.2	2.0
Saudi Arabia	4.4	0.5
Mexico	3.5	1.3
South Africa	3.0	0.1
Thailand	2.7	1.4
Malaysia	2.7	1.3
Netherlands	2.1	2.1
Indonesia	1.9	0.3
Hungary	1.8	1.6
Chile	1.5	1.1
Poland	1.3	0.4

The comparator benchmark data shown here is for the primary benchmark, MSCI Emerging Markets Net Index.

SECTOR DIVERSIFICATION

Sector	% of Fund	Fund vs. Comparator Benchmark
Communication Services	3.4	-5.5
Consumer Discretionary	14.7	2.5
Consumer Staples	3.9	-1.2
Energy	5.9	0.7
Financials	24.5	2.6
Health Care	0.3	-2.9
Industrials & Business Services	9.1	2.2
Information Technology	23.0	-2.1
Materials	9.0	2.1
Real Estate	4.0	2.6
Utilities	3.7	0.8

T. Rowe Price uses the current MSCI/S&P Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) for sector and industry reporting.

ASSESSMENT OF VALUE

We have assessed the value delivered to our shareholders for the assessment period ending 31 December 2023.

To view, please click or visit <https://www.troweprice.com/content/dam/gdx/pdfs/assessment-of-value-report.pdf>

GENERAL FUND RISKS

General fund risks - to be read in conjunction with the fund specific risks above. Conflicts of Interest - The investment manager's obligations to a fund may potentially conflict with its obligations to other investment portfolios it manages. **Counterparty** - Counterparty risk may materialise if an entity with which the fund does business becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the fund. **Custody** - In the event that the depositary and/or custodian becomes insolvent or otherwise fails, there may be a risk of loss or delay in return of certain Fund's assets. **Cybersecurity** - The fund may be subject to operational and information security risks resulting from breaches in cybersecurity of the digital information systems of the fund or its third-party service providers. **Inflation** - Inflation may erode the value of the fund and its investments in real terms. **Investment fund** - Investing in funds involves certain risks an investor would not face if investing in markets directly. **Market** - Market risk may subject the fund to experience losses caused by unexpected changes in a wide variety of factors. **Market Liquidity** - In extreme market conditions it may be difficult to sell the Fund's securities and it may not be possible to redeem shares at short notice. **Operational** - Operational risk may cause losses as a result of incidents caused by people, systems, and/or processes.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This factsheet is for marketing purposes only.

The Funds are sub-funds of the T. Rowe Price Funds OEIC, an investment company with variable capital incorporated in England and Wales which is registered with the UK Financial Conduct Authority and which qualifies as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ("UCITS"). Full details of the objectives, investment policies and risks are located in the prospectus which is available with the key investor information documents in English, together with the annual and semi-annual reports (together "Fund Documents"). Any decision to invest should be made on the basis of the Fund Documents which are available free of charge from the local representative, local information/paying agent or from authorised distributors and via www.troweprice.com. The latest fund prices are available online from Morningstar.

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Source & Copyright: Citywire. The Fund manager is rated by Citywire based on the manager's 3 year risk adjusted performance. For further information on ratings methodology please visit www.aboutcitywire.com Fund Assets, holdings-based analytics (excluding portfolio turnover), and portfolio attribution are calculated using T. Rowe Price's internal Investment Book of Records (IBOR). Due to timing and accounting methodology differences, IBOR data may differ from the Accounting Book of Records (ABOR) data provided by the Fund's accountant.

GLOSSARY

Accumulating shares – A class of common stock given to shareholders of a company instead of, or in addition to, a dividend. They are usually given to gain a tax advantage.

Asset Backed Security (ABS) – A security whose income payments and capital value are derived from and secured against a specified pool of underlying assets.

Comparator Benchmark – A stock market index that can be used to analyze the allocation, risk and return of a fund, also known in the industry as a performance benchmark.

Custom Benchmark – Any benchmark customised to meet a client's investment goals.

Coupon – A document that shows proof of legal ownership of a share certificate or a bearer bond certificate and is presented to claim the owner's entitlement to dividends or interest paid out on a security.

Credit Quality – A measure of a bond issuer's ability to repay its debt interest and principal in a timely manner, and as such is an indicator of credit risk. Credit rating agencies issue credit quality ratings that indicate the riskiness of firms in the credit market.

Derivatives – A contract whose value is most commonly based on the price movement of an underlying financial asset, such as a bond, stock, commodity, currency, interest rate or market index. Derivatives can be used to speculate on a movement in the underlying assets, hedge a position, or give leverage to a holding. The most common types are futures, forwards, swaps and options.

Diversification – A risk management strategy that mixes a variety of investments in a portfolio. A diversified fund holds different asset types and investment instruments in order to limit exposure to any single asset or risk.

Distributing shares – This type of stock entitles the shareholder to a dividend agreed at the company's annual general meeting.

Hedging – An investment technique whereby an investor or trader takes on a new risk that offsets an existing one, such as a possible adverse change in an exchange rate, interest rate, stock, bond or commodity price.

Maturity – The agreed date on which the life of a transaction, financial instrument or investment ends. Maturity is often used in conjunction with deposits, foreign exchange trades, forward transactions, interest rate and commodity swaps, options, loans and fixed instruments.

Maximum Initial Charges – The maximum level of permitted sales charges paid to an intermediary when an investment is made in a fund. The charges cover administration, marketing and other costs.

Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) – A type of asset backed security that is secured against a mortgage or collection of mortgages.

Morningstar Category – A classification of a fund based on its investment style as measured by underlying holdings in the portfolio over three years. If the fund is new and has no portfolio, Morningstar will estimate where it will fall before assigning a more permanent category.

NAV (net asset value per share) – The closing market value of the securities owned in the portfolio plus all other assets such as cash, minus liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding.

Ongoing Charges – The ongoing charges is a figure published annually by an investment company, covering the annual cost of investing in a fund. They include payments for investment management, administration, custody of assets and the costs of independent oversight functions.

Spread Duration – This measures the sensitivity of the price of a security to changes in its credit spread. The spread is the difference between the yield of a security and the yield of a benchmark rate, such as a cash interest rate or government bond yield.

Total Return – The return on an investment of a specified period, including price appreciation or depreciation plus any reinvested income, expressed as an average annual compound rate of return.

Cumulative Return: The actual return of an investment for a specified period. A cumulative return does not indicate how much the value of the investment may have fluctuated during the period. For example, a fund could have a 10-year positive cumulative return despite experiencing some negative years during that time.

Average Annual: This is always hypothetical and should not be confused with actual year-by-year results. It smoothes out the variations in annual performance to tell you what constant year-by-year return would have produced the investment's actual cumulative return. This gives one an idea of an investment's annual contribution to your portfolio, provided you held it for the entire period.

Volatility – This measures swings in the price of an asset. The more volatile the price, the riskier the security.

Yield to Maturity – Yield to maturity (YTM) is the total return anticipated on a bond held to maturity. YTM is considered a long-term bond yield but is expressed as an annual rate.

Yield to Worst – Yield to worst (YTW) is a measure of the lowest possible yield on a bond whose contract includes provisions that would allow the issuer to close it out before it matures. YTW helps investors manage risks and ensure that specific income requirements will still be met even in the worst scenarios.