



T. ROWE PRICE FUNDS OEIC

Asian Opportunities Equity Fund – Class C Acc

As at 30 June 2024

Figures shown in GBP



Portfolio Manager:
Jihong Min

Managed Fund Since:
2021

Joined Firm:
2012

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

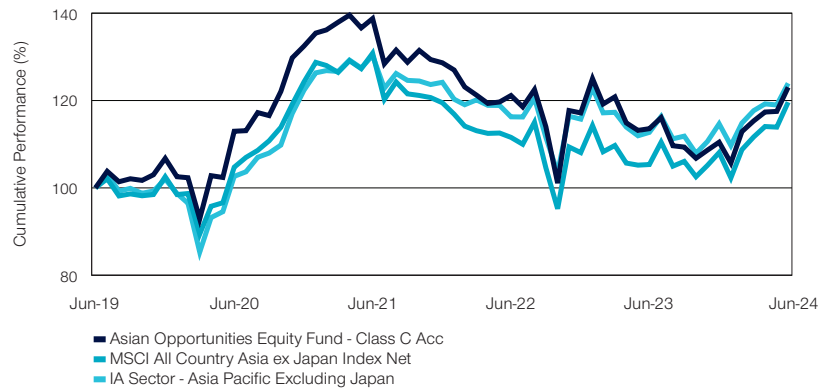
To increase the value of its shares through growth in the value of its investments. The fund is actively managed and invests mainly in a diversified portfolio of shares of companies in Asia. For full investment objective and policy details refer to the prospectus.



FUND OVERVIEW

Ongoing Charges - based on financial year ending 30 Jun 2024	0.84%
Maximum Initial Charge	—
Minimum Investment	£10,000
Inception Date of Fund	16 Oct 2017
Inception Date - Class C Acc	16 Oct 2017
Base Currency of Fund	GBP
Share Class Currency	GBP
Categories of Shares	Accumulating
Total Fund Assets	£8.8 million
Number of Issuers	48
Percent in Cash	5.0%
Morningstar Category™	EAA Fund Asia ex-Japan Equity
IA Sector	IA Sector - Asia Pacific Excluding Japan
Class C Acc - ISIN Code	GB00BF0S8S26
Class C Acc - Bloomberg Code	TRPAOEC:LN

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE



CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE

(NAV, total return)	Inception Date	One Month	Three Months	Year-to-Date	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Since Inception
Class C Acc	16 Oct 2017	4.70%	6.68%	11.39%	8.34%	-11.33%	23.03%	34.49%
MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Index Net		5.01%	7.13%	10.67%	13.54%	-8.57%	19.62%	22.09%
IA Sector - Asia Pacific Excluding Japan		4.18%	5.33%	8.10%	9.97%	-4.87%	23.95%	29.95%
IA Sector Ranking		53 out of 121	38 out of 121	28 out of 121	71 out of 120	69 out of 113	48 out of 105	

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE

(NAV, total return)	30 Jun 2019 to 30 Jun 2020	30 Jun 2020 to 30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2021 to 30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2022 to 30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2023 to 30 Jun 2024
Class C Acc	12.97%	22.83%	-12.69%	-6.26%	8.34%
MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Index Net	4.74%	24.90%	-14.72%	-5.57%	13.54%
IA Sector - Asia Pacific Excluding Japan	2.64%	26.93%	-10.76%	-3.06%	9.97%

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Source for performance: T. Rowe Price. Fund performance is calculated using the official NAV with distributions reinvested, if any. Sales charges, taxes and other locally applied costs have not been deducted and if applicable, they will reduce the performance figures.

Benchmark: Investors may use the benchmark to compare the fund's performance. The benchmark has been selected because it is similar to the investment universe used by the investment manager and therefore acts as an appropriate comparator. The investment manager is not constrained by any country, sector and/or individual security weightings relative to the benchmark and has complete freedom to invest in securities that do not form part of the benchmark.

MSCI Index returns are shown with net dividends reinvested.

Index returns are calculated in US Dollars and converted to GBP using an exchange rate determined by an independent third party.

IA Sector: Many UK funds are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the "IA") (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to help investors to compare funds with broadly similar characteristics. Investors may compare the fund against the performance of the Asia Pacific Excluding Japan sector. This sector represents the average performance of certain funds that invest at least 80% of their assets in Asia Pacific shares and exclude Japanese securities. It can therefore serve as a method of comparing the fund's performance with other funds that have broadly similar characteristics. The fund is not constrained to or managed in line with this sector. Source for IA Sector Data: © Morningstar. All Rights Reserved.

KEY FUND RISKS

Country (China) - Chinese investments may be subject to higher levels of risks such as liquidity, currency, regulatory and legal risks due to the structure of the local market. **Currency** - Currency exchange rate movements could reduce investment gains or increase investment losses. **Emerging markets** - Emerging markets are less established than developed markets and therefore involve higher risks. **Equity** - Equities can lose value rapidly for a variety of reasons and can remain at low prices indefinitely. **ESG** - ESG integration as well as events may result in a material negative impact on the value of an investment and performance of the fund. **Geographic concentration** - Geographic concentration risk may result in performance being more strongly affected by any social, political, economic, environmental or market conditions affecting those countries or regions in which the fund's assets are concentrated. **Issuer concentration** - Issuer concentration risk may result in performance being more strongly affected by any business, industry, economic, financial or market conditions affecting those issuers in which the fund's assets are concentrated. **Small and mid-cap** - Small and mid-size company stock prices can be more volatile than stock prices of larger companies.

TOP 10 ISSUERS

Issuer	Country/Industry	% of Fund
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing	Taiwan/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	9.6
Tencent Holdings	China/Interactive Media & Services	7.2
Samsung Electronics	South Korea/Technology Hardware, Storage & Peripherals	6.9
MediaTek	Taiwan/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	5.1
ASE Technology Holding	Taiwan/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	4.7
Axis Bank	India/Banks	4.4
ICICI Bank	India/Banks	3.9
Bank Central Asia	Indonesia/Banks	3.3
SK Hynix	South Korea/Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	3.2
DBS Group	Singapore/Banks	2.6

GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSIFICATION

Country	% of Fund	Fund vs. Comparator Benchmark
China	24.3	-4.5
Taiwan	23.1	1.0
India	19.4	-2.5
South Korea	11.7	-2.2
Indonesia	5.0	3.2
Hong Kong	3.6	-0.8
Singapore	3.0	-0.4
Philippines	2.4	1.8
Vietnam	1.4	1.4
United States	1.0	1.0

The comparator benchmark data is for the MSCI All Country Asia Ex Japan Net Index.

SECTOR DIVERSIFICATION

Sector	% of Fund	Fund vs. Comparator Benchmark
Communication Services	14.1	4.6
Consumer Discretionary	13.6	0.4
Consumer Staples	2.6	-1.4
Energy	0.0	-4.0
Financials	25.8	5.5
Health Care	0.0	-3.2
Industrials & Business Services	2.4	-5.1
Information Technology	32.7	4.1
Materials	0.2	-4.5
Real Estate	3.7	1.5
Utilities	0.0	-2.9

T. Rowe Price uses the current MSCI/S&P Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) for sector and industry reporting.

ASSESSMENT OF VALUE

We have assessed the value delivered to our shareholders for the assessment period ending 31 December 2023.

To view, please click or visit <https://www.troweprice.com/content/dam/gdx/pdfs/assessment-of-value-report.pdf>

GENERAL FUND RISKS

General fund risks - to be read in conjunction with the fund specific risks above. **Conflicts of Interest** - The investment manager's obligations to a fund may potentially conflict with its obligations to other investment portfolios it manages. **Counterparty** - Counterparty risk may materialise if an entity with which the fund does business becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the fund. **Custody** - In the event that the depositary and/or custodian becomes insolvent or otherwise fails, there may be a risk of loss or delay in return of certain Fund's assets. **Cybersecurity** - The fund may be subject to operational and information security risks resulting from breaches in cybersecurity of the digital information systems of the fund or its third-party service providers. **Inflation** - Inflation may erode the value of the fund and its investments in real terms. **Investment fund** - Investing in funds involves certain risks an investor would not face if investing in markets directly. **Market** - Market risk may subject the fund to experience losses caused by unexpected changes in a wide variety of factors. **Market Liquidity** - In extreme market conditions it may be difficult to sell the Fund's securities and it may not be possible to redeem shares at short notice. **Operational** - Operational risk may cause losses as a result of incidents caused by people, systems, and/or processes.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This factsheet is for marketing purposes only.

The Funds are sub-funds of the T. Rowe Price Funds OEIC, an investment company with variable capital incorporated in England and Wales which is registered with the UK Financial Conduct Authority and which qualifies as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities ("UCITS"). Full details of the objectives, investment policies and risks are located in the prospectus which is available with the key investor information documents in English, together with the annual and semi-annual reports (together "Fund Documents"). Any decision to invest should be made on the basis of the Fund Documents which are available free of charge from the local representative, local information/paying agent or from authorised distributors and via www.troweprice.com. The latest fund prices are available online from Morningstar.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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Fund Assets, holdings-based analytics (excluding portfolio turnover), and portfolio attribution are calculated using T. Rowe Price's internal Investment Book of Records (IBOR). Due to timing and accounting methodology differences, IBOR data may differ from the Accounting Book of Records (ABOR) data provided by the Fund's accountant.

GLOSSARY

Accumulating shares – A class of common stock given to shareholders of a company instead of, or in addition to, a dividend. They are usually given to gain a tax advantage.

Asset Backed Security (ABS) – A security whose income payments and capital value are derived from and secured against a specified pool of underlying assets.

Comparator Benchmark – A stock market index that can be used to analyze the allocation, risk and return of a fund, also known in the industry as a performance benchmark.

Custom Benchmark – Any benchmark customised to meet a client's investment goals.

Coupon – A document that shows proof of legal ownership of a share certificate or a bearer bond certificate and is presented to claim the owner's entitlement to dividends or interest paid out on a security.

Credit Quality – A measure of a bond issuer's ability to repay its debt interest and principal in a timely manner, and as such is an indicator of credit risk. Credit rating agencies issue credit quality ratings that indicate the riskiness of firms in the credit market.

Derivatives – A contract whose value is most commonly based on the price movement of an underlying financial asset, such as a bond, stock, commodity, currency, interest rate or market index. Derivatives can be used to speculate on a movement in the underlying assets, hedge a position, or give leverage to a holding. The most common types are futures, forwards, swaps and options.

Diversification – A risk management strategy that mixes a variety of investments in a portfolio. A diversified fund holds different asset types and investment instruments in order to limit exposure to any single asset or risk.

Distributing shares – This type of stock entitles the shareholder to a dividend agreed at the company's annual general meeting.

Hedging – An investment technique whereby an investor or trader takes on a new risk that offsets an existing one, such as a possible adverse change in an exchange rate, interest rate, stock, bond or commodity price.

Maturity – The agreed date on which the life of a transaction, financial instrument or investment ends. Maturity is often used in conjunction with deposits, foreign exchange trades, forward transactions, interest rate and commodity swaps, options, loans and fixed instruments.

Maximum Initial Charges – The maximum level of permitted sales charges paid to an intermediary when an investment is made in a fund. The charges cover administration, marketing and other costs.

Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) – A type of asset backed security that is secured against a mortgage or collection of mortgages.

Morningstar Category – A classification of a fund based on its investment style as measured by underlying holdings in the portfolio over three years. If the fund is new and has no portfolio, Morningstar will estimate where it will fall before assigning a more permanent category.

NAV (net asset value per share) – The closing market value of the securities owned in the portfolio plus all other assets such as cash, minus liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding.

Ongoing Charges – The ongoing charges is a figure published annually by an investment company, covering the annual cost of investing in a fund. They include payments for investment management, administration, custody of assets and the costs of independent oversight functions.

Spread Duration – This measures the sensitivity of the price of a security to changes in its credit spread. The spread is the difference between the yield of a security and the yield of a benchmark rate, such as a cash interest rate or government bond yield.

Total Return – The return on an investment of a specified period, including price appreciation or depreciation plus any reinvested income, expressed as an average annual compound rate of return.

Cumulative Return: The actual return of an investment for a specified period. A cumulative return does not indicate how much the value of the investment may have fluctuated during the period. For example, a fund could have a 10-year positive cumulative return despite experiencing some negative years during that time.

Average Annual: This is always hypothetical and should not be confused with actual year-by-year results. It smoothes out the variations in annual performance to tell you what constant year-by-year return would have produced the investment's actual cumulative return. This gives one an idea of an investment's annual contribution to your portfolio, provided you held it for the entire period.

Volatility – This measures swings in the price of an asset. The more volatile the price, the riskier the security.

Yield to Maturity – Yield to maturity (YTM) is the total return anticipated on a bond held to maturity. YTM is considered a long-term bond yield but is expressed as an annual rate.

Yield to Worst – Yield to worst (YTW) is a measure of the lowest possible yield on a bond whose contract includes provisions that would allow the issuer to close it out before it matures. YTW helps investors manage risks and ensure that specific income requirements will still be met even in the worst scenarios.