



Spotlight on Bangladesh, Myanmar, and Vietnam

Three dynamic countries with an enticing future for investors.

May 2019

South Asian markets suffered amid a broader global sell-off in emerging markets and their currencies due to concerns about the U.S. Federal Reserve’s monetary policy tightening cycle in the final quarter of 2018. However, economies in the region remain underpinned by some of the fastest growth rates in gross domestic product (GDP) in the world, while favorable population dynamics are providing an added tailwind. A recent research trip took us on a tour of Bangladesh, Myanmar, and Vietnam, where we are finding attractive investment opportunities across a range of companies. Veering off the beaten track, many of these companies are uncovered by mainstream investors.

NOTES FROM THE ROAD

Traveling the Frontier Markets



Oliver Bell
Portfolio Manager



Johannes Loefstrand
Analyst

Country Profiles

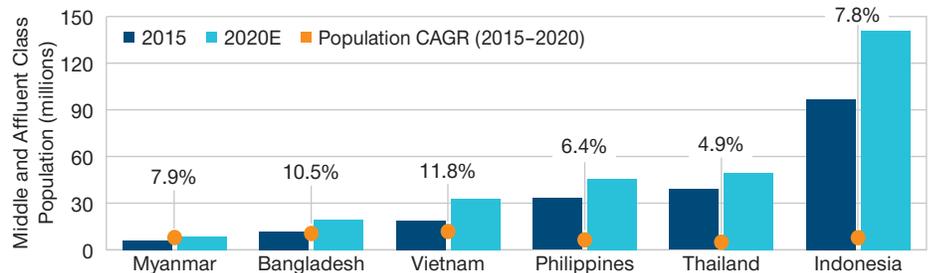
	Bangladesh	Myanmar	Vietnam
Population	170 million	54 million	97 million
GDP Growth Est. 2019	6–7%	6–7%	7%
Market Strengths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economic reform Rising middle class Consumer companies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economic reform Foreign ownership reforms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strong consumer Economic fundamentals Supply chain relocation
Main Risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Banking sector Corruption 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Politics Inflation Fragile growth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> External—U.S.-China trade tensions Declining demographic dividend

“Veering off the beaten track, many of these companies are uncovered by mainstream investors.”

Bangladesh has a burgeoning middle class of nearly 19 million people, which is growing by more than 10% annually...

(Fig. 1) Favorable Population Dynamics A Boon For Regional Economies

Adding 8 million people to the middle class every five years
As of March 31, 2019



Sources: Brac Bank, EMEA Advisors, and BCG.

Bangladesh Overview

GDP Growth From A Low Base, But Risks Remain

Bangladesh is a country undergoing monumental change. Over the past decade, GDP per capita nearly doubled to over USD 1,500, adult literacy rates rose from 47% to 73%, foreign direct investment (FDI) trebled, power generation tripled (now reaching 90% of the population), and exports compounded in the high teens. Going forward, the government is investing to sustain economic growth, and public accounts are reasonably managed, according to the International Monetary Fund.

There are two key risks threatening the Bangladeshi investment case. First, the currency appears overvalued, which suggests that it is fragile to shocks. However, central bank reserves of over USD 30 billion have been stable and amount to seven months of import cover, while the trade balance is back in surplus. Anecdotally, the currency did not feel expensive on the ground, and minimum wages remain among the lowest in the world (USD 95 per month versus USD 153 in Vietnam and USD 195 in Indonesia).

The second risk pertains to the weak asset quality in the banking system. Industry nonperforming loans are officially 12%; however, it is widely recognized that the real number is likely to be in the mid-20s. A bailout and subsequent consolidation are desperately needed with over 61 local banks. However, the government can afford to bail out the ailing banks, considering the low public debt level of less than 35% to GDP.

Key Opportunities—Economic Reforms And Population Dynamics

Against this mixed backdrop, we have identified two key drivers of change that could prove monumental for the country's growth prospects: economic reforms and population dynamics.

Economic reforms have the potential to help Bangladesh evolve its export market as low-cost manufacturing moves from China to countries such as Bangladesh, Cambodia, Myanmar, and Vietnam. In addition to infrastructure projects in ports, metro, roads, and power, the government is creating 100 special economic zones designed to ensure land rights, access to utilities, and easy dispute resolution. Bangladesh is starting from a low base,

Foreign investors can now own up to 35% of domestic private businesses (including banks) in Myanmar, and foreign banks can now lend to domestic firms.

with exports composing only 15% of GDP (versus an estimated 102% in Vietnam, 61% in Cambodia, and 19% in India) and 83% of exports made up of garments.

Bangladesh has a burgeoning middle class of nearly 19 million people, which is growing by more than 10% annually, according to Boston Consulting Group. This has profound implications on the growth prospects of most consumer companies. For example, the packaged food market has trebled in size over the past decade to nearly USD 4 billion (Euromonitor). GDP per capita has nearly doubled in the past decade, while adult literacy rates have improved dramatically.

The companies that we met with are among potential beneficiaries of reforms and population growth dynamics, as they come to drive growth in domestic consumption.

On our recent trip, we met with the management of a leading health and beauty products company. The new CEO has sought to diversify the product range away from basic hair oil, which has resulted in accelerating sales growth, while profit margins have remained broadly stable. We have confidence in the management team and know the Indian parent company well.

We also met with the management of a telecommunications company, which operates in one of the most attractive markets globally; SIM penetration is less than 60%, while data penetration is low in terms of user numbers, both of which bode well for expansion. The company also has a low subscriber churn rate but faces regulatory risks, which we factor into our view of the stock.

Our final visit was with the management of a pharmaceuticals producer. The company has a leading return on capital invested, while its target market

is expected to grow in the mid-teens on account of favorable demographics and consumers' growing purchasing power.

Myanmar Overview

Economic Reform Gathers Momentum, But Clouded By Political Backdrop

Myanmar is one of Southeast Asia's fastest-growing economies, expanding at an annual rate of 6%–7%, driven largely by domestic consumption and an influx of FDI. Exports, while modest in comparison with regional peers, were up from 16.8% of GDP in 2017 to 20% in 2018, led by growth in garment manufacturing.

In the latter half of 2018, the domestic currency—the kyat—suffered double-digit losses against the U.S. dollar, trending downward with emerging market peers amid concerns about the Federal Reserve's monetary policy tightening cycle. Inflation rose to its highest level in two years as food prices spiked as a result of severe flooding during a particularly fierce monsoon season.

However, economic reform momentum is finally beginning to pick up after a disappointing first four years in office for Aung San Suu Kyi's National League for Democracy (NLD). In January, the rate cap for unsecured lending was increased to 16%, and the insurance sector was opened to foreign competition. Foreign investors can now own up to 35% of domestic private businesses (including banks) in Myanmar, and foreign banks can now lend to domestic firms. The Myanmar Investment Promotion Plan was launched in October, ambitiously aiming to attract over USD 200 billion in FDI over the next 20 years.

To some degree, levels of FDI are expected to be affected by political developments, given the persecution of the ethnic minority Rohingya people and a resultant refugee crisis. Net FDI flows actually increased year on year to USD 4 billion in the 2018 fiscal year,

7%

Vietnam's GDP in 2019 is expected to be one of the highest in the world, with expansion fundamentally consumer driven, underpinned by urbanization dynamics and wage growth.

but commitments reflecting current investment decisions were down 14% year on year. We anticipate the impact to be fairly contained, given continued investment from Singaporean, Thai, and Chinese firms, which account for around 70% of fixed capital investment from overseas.

Poor credit quality in the banking sector is also a risk for the broader economy. While no reliable data exist, estimates for nonperforming loans fall in the 30–40% range.

Key Opportunities—Real Estate Developer A Beneficiary Of Improving Domestic Consumption

We met with the management of a leading investment company that engages in property development and construction services. The stock is a beneficiary of improving domestic consumption trends, with the healthy pace of GDP growth providing a tailwind. In our view, investors are underestimating the firm's progress in its turnaround strategy, which has been focused on operational execution in existing businesses rather than idea generation for new revenue streams. We anticipate that the firm's shift into affordable housing will catalyze rapid volume growth, with other developers yet to expand into the segment. Conditions of housing shortage coupled with urban population growth are providing a favorable backdrop.

Vietnam Overview

Urbanization And Wage Growth Drive Consumer Demand

The Vietnamese economy is on firm footing, without major imbalances. Vietnam's GDP in 2019 is expected to be one of the highest in the world at close to 7%, with expansion fundamentally consumer-driven, underpinned by urbanization dynamics and wage growth. Positive net exports

will add to GDP and achieve a current account surplus again this year. Furthermore, the central bank has been monitoring the economy closely for any inflationary pressures and, so far, has been very effective in maintaining inflation below the 4% target, learning the lessons from past crises.

The main risk for now is an external shock, such as a sharp escalation in U.S.-China trade tensions. From a short-term perspective, there could be a notable impact on aggregate demand. Medium term to long term, however, supply chain movement could be very positive for the country.

Key Opportunities—Banks And Consumer Companies Set To Benefit From Growth Backdrop

We met with the management teams of several banks in Vietnam and are expecting a good year with significant earnings growth potential. Three trends are set to provide a tailwind: a continuing shift toward higher yielding retail credit; positive asset quality trends, with many banks fully provisioned, and overall support for further resolutions bringing system wide non-performing loans lower; and increased profitability due to broader product offering. The banks' low capitalization levels ahead of Basel II implementation next year remains a key concern, however.

On the consumer front, we had a number of meetings, including with the management team of a dairy products company. While discretionary spending has held up well this year, supported by strong wage growth, the company faces a structural headwind in the form of a declining birth rate—given that the cohort of 0–12-year-olds is the largest consumer of dairy products. We prefer other consumer-related companies.

Long-Term Investors Likely To Reap The Rewards

Our recent meetings with companies in South Asia helped us refine our levels of conviction in the investment opportunities on offer. This entails taking into account both company-specific factors as well as the broader economic and political trends that exert an impact on valuations.

A common underpinning for markets across Bangladesh, Myanmar, and Vietnam is favorable population dynamics, in particular a growing middle class seeing wage growth trending upward. As these economies and markets develop, and if economic growth continues to outpace global averages as we anticipate, the opportunities for the long-term investor to benefit are ample.

WHAT WE'RE WATCHING NEXT

The development of the economies of Bangladesh, Myanmar, and Vietnam is closely linked to a burgeoning middle class and growing export orientation driving growth. We will continue to monitor these trends and assess their impact on the earnings growth prospects of the companies that we are invested in or that we might be looking to add exposure to. The potential in the region appears unrivaled and offers ample opportunity to generate profits for active managers with a good grasp of the risks associated with investing in developing markets.

T. Rowe Price focuses on delivering investment management excellence that investors can rely on—now and over the long term.

T.RowePrice[®]

Important Information

This material is being furnished for general informational purposes only. The material does not constitute or undertake to give advice of any nature, including fiduciary investment advice, and prospective investors are recommended to seek independent legal, financial and tax advice before making any investment decision. T. Rowe Price group of companies including T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and/or its affiliates receive revenue from T. Rowe Price investment products and services. **Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.** The value of an investment and any income from it can go down as well as up. Investors may get back less than the amount invested.

The material does not constitute a distribution, an offer, an invitation, a personal or general recommendation or solicitation to sell or buy any securities in any jurisdiction or to conduct any particular investment activity. The material has not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in any jurisdiction.

Information and opinions presented have been obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable and current; however, we cannot guarantee the sources' accuracy or completeness. There is no guarantee that any forecasts made will come to pass. The views contained herein are as of the date written and are subject to change without notice; these views may differ from those of other T. Rowe Price group companies and/or associates. Under no circumstances should the material, in whole or in part, be copied or redistributed without consent from T. Rowe Price.

The material is not intended for use by persons in jurisdictions which prohibit or restrict the distribution of the material and in certain countries the material is provided upon specific request. It is not intended for distribution to retail investors in any jurisdiction.

Australia—Issued in Australia by T. Rowe Price Australia Limited (ABN: 13 620 668 895 and AFSL: 503741), Level 50, Governor Phillip Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Suite 50B, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia. For Wholesale Clients only.

Brunei—This material can only be delivered to certain specific institutional investors for informational purpose upon request only. The strategy and/or any products associated with the strategy has not been authorised for distribution in Brunei. No distribution of this material to any member of the public in Brunei is permitted.

Canada—Issued in Canada by T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc. T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc.'s investment management services are only available to Accredited Investors as defined under National Instrument 45-106. T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc. enters into written delegation agreements with affiliates to provide investment management services.

China—This material is provided to specific qualified domestic institutional investor or sovereign wealth fund on a one-on-one basis. No invitation to offer, or offer for, or sale of, the shares will be made in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") (which, for such purpose, does not include the Hong Kong or Macau Special Administrative Regions or Taiwan) or by any means that would be deemed public under the laws of the PRC. The information relating to the strategy contained in this material has not been submitted to or approved by the China Securities Regulatory Commission or any other relevant governmental authority in the PRC. The strategy and/or any product associated with the strategy may only be offered or sold to investors in the PRC that are expressly authorized under the laws and regulations of the PRC to buy and sell securities denominated in a currency other than the Renminbi (or RMB), which is the official currency of the PRC. Potential investors who are resident in the PRC are responsible for obtaining the required approvals from all relevant government authorities in the PRC, including, but not limited to, the State Administration of Foreign Exchange, before purchasing the shares. This document further does not constitute any securities or investment advice to citizens of the PRC, or nationals with permanent residence in the PRC, or to any corporation, partnership, or other entity incorporated or established in the PRC.

DIFC—Issued in the Dubai International Financial Centre by T. Rowe Price International Ltd. This material is communicated on behalf of T. Rowe Price International Ltd. by its representative office which is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority. For Professional Clients only.

EEA ex-UK—Unless indicated otherwise this material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price (Luxembourg) Management S.à r.l. 35 Boulevard du Prince Henri L-1724 Luxembourg which is authorised and regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. For Professional Clients only.

Hong Kong—Issued in Hong Kong by T. Rowe Price Hong Kong Limited, 21/F, Jardine House, 1 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong. T. Rowe Price Hong Kong Limited is licensed and regulated by the Securities & Futures Commission. For Professional Investors only.

Indonesia—This material is intended to be used only by the designated recipient to whom T. Rowe Price delivered; it is for institutional use only. Under no circumstances should the material, in whole or in part, be copied, redistributed or shared, in any medium, without prior written consent from T. Rowe Price. No distribution of this material to members of the public in any jurisdiction is permitted.

Korea—This material is intended only to Qualified Professional Investors upon specific and unsolicited request and may not be reproduced in whole or in part nor can they be transmitted to any other person in the Republic of Korea.

Malaysia—This material can only be delivered to specific institutional investor upon specific and unsolicited request. The strategy and/or any products associated with the strategy has not been authorised for distribution in Malaysia. This material is solely for institutional use and for informational purposes only. This material does not provide investment advice or an offering to make, or an inducement or attempted inducement of any person to enter into or to offer to enter into, an agreement for or with a view to acquiring, disposing of, subscribing for or underwriting securities. Nothing in this material shall be considered a making available of, solicitation to buy, an offering for subscription or purchase or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities, or any other product or service, to any person in any jurisdiction where such offer, solicitation, purchase or sale would be unlawful under the laws of Malaysia.

New Zealand—Issued in New Zealand by T. Rowe Price Australia Limited (ABN: 13 620 668 895 and AFSL: 503741), Level 50, Governor Phillip Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Suite 50B, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia. No Interests are offered to the public. Accordingly, the Interests may not, directly or indirectly, be offered, sold or delivered in New Zealand, nor may any offering document or advertisement in relation to any offer of the Interests be distributed in New Zealand, other than in circumstances where there is no contravention of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

Philippines—THE STRATEGY AND/ OR ANY SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGY BEING OFFERED OR SOLD HEREIN HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE. ANY FUTURE OFFER OR SALE OF THE STRATEGY AND/ OR ANY SECURITIES IS SUBJECT TO REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE CODE, UNLESS SUCH OFFER OR SALE QUALIFIES AS AN EXEMPT TRANSACTION.

Singapore—Issued in Singapore by T. Rowe Price Singapore Private Ltd., No. 501 Orchard Rd, #10-02 Wheelock Place, Singapore 238880. T. Rowe Price Singapore Private Ltd. is licensed and regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. For Institutional and Accredited Investors only.

Switzerland—Issued in Switzerland by T. Rowe Price (Switzerland) GmbH, Talstrasse 65, 6th Floor, 8001 Zurich, Switzerland. For Qualified Investors only.

Taiwan—This does not provide investment advice or recommendations. Nothing in this material shall be considered a solicitation to buy, or an offer to sell, a security, or any other product or service, to any person in the Republic of China.

Thailand—This material has not been and will not be filed with or approved by the Securities Exchange Commission of Thailand or any other regulatory authority in Thailand. The material is provided solely to "institutional investors" as defined under relevant Thai laws and regulations. No distribution of this material to any member of the public in Thailand is permitted. Nothing in this material shall be considered a provision of service, or a solicitation to buy, or an offer to sell, a security, or any other product or service, to any person where such provision, offer, solicitation, purchase or sale would be unlawful under relevant Thai laws and regulations.

UK—This material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price International Ltd, 60 Queen Victoria Street, London, EC4N 4TZ which is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority. For Professional Clients only.

USA—Issued in the USA by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc., 100 East Pratt Street, Baltimore, MD, 21202, which is regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. For Institutional Investors only.

© 2019 T. Rowe Price. All rights reserved. T. ROWE PRICE, INVEST WITH CONFIDENCE, and the Bighorn Sheep design are, collectively and/or apart, trademarks of T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.