



Global Asset Allocation: The View From Europe

September 2023

1 Market Perspective



- Global economic growth has been mixed across regions, with inflationary pressures and central bank policies starting to diverge.
- US and Japanese economies are proving more resilient, although the US is seeing evidence of cooling amid recent jobs data. Weakness is seen across Europe as the region works through a mild recession and elevated, albeit softening, inflation. Chinese growth is mixed as recent slowing is met with stimulus measures amid growing concerns surrounding its property sector.
- While global central bank tightening is likely peaking, the paths and rates of disinflation vary across regions, which is likely to lead to divergence in policy ahead.
- Key risks to global markets include a deeper than expected decline in growth, central bank missteps, reacceleration in inflation, trajectory of Chinese growth, and geopolitical tensions.

2 Portfolio Positioning

As of 31 August 2023



- We maintain a balanced view on risk with a modest underweight to equities as valuations remain elevated amid a less dire outlook for growth and expectations for peaking central bank policy.
- Within equities, we remain neutral on the US and the UK, underweight Europe, and modestly overweight in Japan and emerging markets.
- Within fixed income, we remain underweight bonds in favour of cash as cash offers attractive yields and liquidity should market opportunities evolve. We have an underweight to government bonds and an overweight to inflation-linked bonds. This acts as ballast to risk assets and as a hedge against inflation settling above central banks' targets, as well as the potential for higher commodity prices over the intermediate term, reflecting reduced capex and moderating productivity trends.
- Within fixed income yield-seeking sectors, we remain overweight high yield and emerging market bonds on still attractive absolute yield levels and reasonably supportive fundamentals.

3 Market Themes

A Jolt of Confidence

The most recent JOLTS¹ data, a measure of labour demand, showed job openings have come down significantly and are now the lowest since March 2021, a welcomed sign for the Fed that excess demand in the labour market may finally be starting to cool. The data also showed that fewer workers were quitting their jobs and that hiring broadly moderated, both moving in favourable directions for balancing the labour market and easing wage growth concerns. Layoffs were relatively flat, meaning that the labour market has cooled by removing some of the froth in demand without increasing unemployment, helping support the narrative of a soft landing. However, while wage growth data have showed evidence of slowing, they are still elevated; the number of job openings per unemployed person is still high; and the labour market remains tight by historical measures, with the unemployment rate at just 3.8%. So, while the recent softening jobs data have provided a jolt of confidence that the Fed may navigate a soft landing, we still have further to go to align the jobs market and wages with the Fed's 2% inflation target.

Job Openings Less Unemployed Workers*

As of 31 July 2023

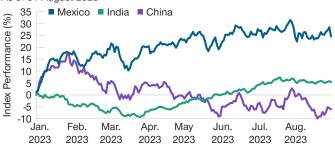


Diverging Markets?

After a strong start to the year surrounding optimism around China's reopening, recent emerging markets' performance has disappointed. Although there have been some bright spots across emerging markets (EM), as some Latin American countries have successfully brought down inflation, Mexico is seeing the benefits from nearshoring and India's growth is surprising to the upside, these countries have largely been overshadowed by doubts surrounding China's growth trajectory. Concerns surrounding China's troubled property sector have reemerged and weighed heavily on household confidence and willingness to spend. This comes at the same time as structurally rising unemployment weighs against Chinese policymakers' multiyear efforts to move the economy away from an export-driven economy into a more sustainable, consumption-driven and domestically focused economy. In response to today's issues, policymakers have been targeted in deploying stimulus measures such as liquidity support for property developers, relaxing some housing policies, and incremental cuts to its key policy rate, as a conscious effort to not reinflate a bubble. So, while there are pockets of opportunity in EMs, it's likely that the broader group's outlook will largely depend on China's ability to restore confidence domestically and globally.

China Underperforming Other Emerging Market Countries[†]

As of 31 August 2023



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

- *Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics. Unemployed is defined as looking for full-time work.
- [†] Source: Bloomberg L.P. Country returns are represented by the following MSCI Indices: MSCI Mexico Index, MSCI India Index and MSCI China Index. Please see Additional Disclosure for more information about this MSCI information.
- ¹ Job Openings & Labor Turnover Survey.

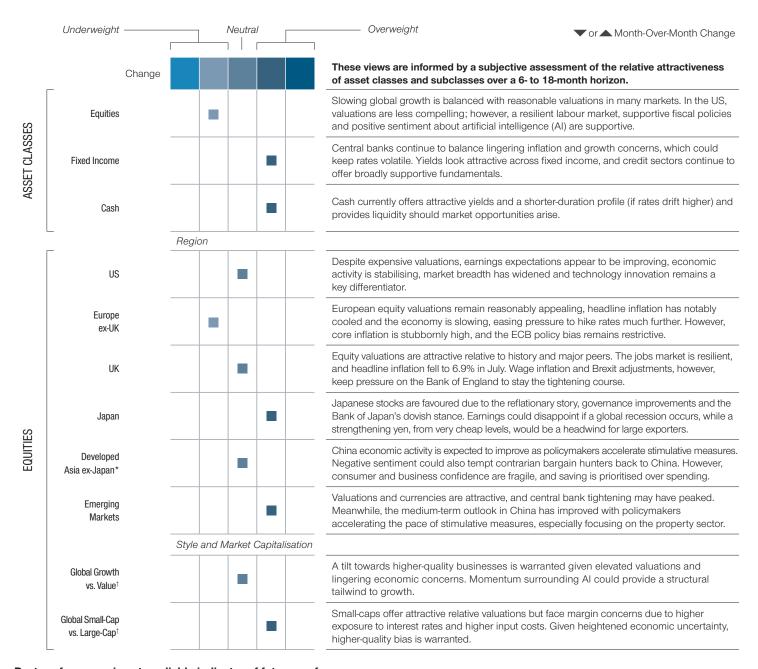
REGIONAL BACKDROP

Negatives Positives Europe Inflation showing signs of cooling Inflation remains elevated, particularly core inflation European Central Bank (ECB) close to Economic growth is slowing peak tightening Oil and gas prices have eased over the last year Monetary policy is restrictive United Inflation has begun to moderate Wage inflation is very elevated **Kingdom** Labour market remains strong The Bank of England may be forced to hike rates further Economy has proven more resilient than expected Fiscal consolidation may need to be accelerated United Consumer spending remains strong Monetary policy remains very tight **States** Labour market has been resilient Banking sector concerns will impact credit availability Manufacturing appears to be stabilising Equity valuations are elevated Artificial intelligence-related spending is a powerful tailwind Japan Uptick in inflation catalyst for increase in wages Businesses and consumers more cautious given return of inflation Corporate governance continues to gradually improve Earnings expectations may need to be revised lower Equity valuations remain attractive **Asia Pacific** China economic activity is expected to pick up Growth in China remains muted, and into year-end, as evidenced by positive surprises consumer and business confidence ex-Japan in leading indicators are fragile Sentiment is so negative towards China that Property deleveraging remains an overarching contrarian investors could look to benefit from goal, dampening domestic activity cheap valuations Australian consumers are starting to feel the In Australia, inflationary pressures are easing, effects of tightening, and upside surprises in while housing prices are proving resilient amid a recent economic data may suggest rates may higher rate environment stay higher for longer Emerging Monetary tightening in most emerging markets Global trade could suffer with tighter has peaked monetary conditions **Markets** Equity valuations are attractive relative to the US Chinese consumer and business confidence is fragile Further Chinese stimulus is expected Geopolitical risks remain elevated



Views are informed by the Asset Allocation Committee and regional investment committees (United Kingdom, Europe, Australia, Japan and Asia) and reflect the equity market.

EUROPEAN INVESTMENT COMMITTEE POSITIONING



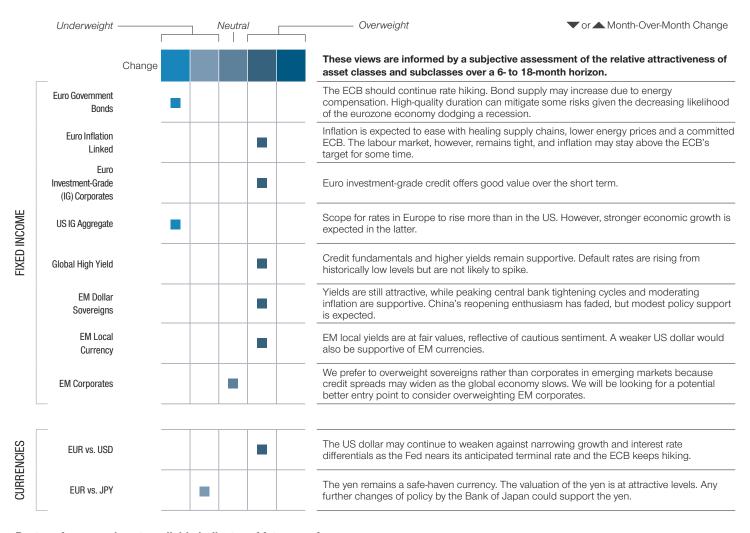
Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

The asset classes across the equity and fixed income markets shown are represented in our multi-asset portfolios. Certain style and market capitalisation asset classes are represented as pairwise decisions as part of our tactical asset allocation framework.

^{*}Includes Australia.

[†] For pairwise decisions in style and market capitalisation, positioning within boxes represents positioning in the first-mentioned asset class relative to the second asset class.

EUROPEAN INVESTMENT COMMITTEE POSITIONING



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

The specific securities identified and described are for informational purposes only and do not represent recommendations.



EUROPEAN INVESTMENT COMMITTEE



Portfolio Analyst,





Toby Thompson Portfolio Manager, Multi-Asset Division



Andrew Keirle Portfolio Manager, Emerging Markets Local Currency Bonds



Mitchell Todd Portfolio Manager, Equity Division



Yoram Lustia Head of Multi-Asset Solutions, EMEA



Michael Walsh Solutions Strategist, **EMEA**



Tobias Mueller Portfolio Manager, Equity Division



Tomasz Wieladek International **Economist**



Ken Orchard Senior Portfolio Manager, Fixed Income Division



David Stanley Portfolio Manager, European Corporate Bonds



Lowell Yura Head of Multi-Asset Solutions, North America

INVEST WITH CONFIDENCE™

T. Rowe Price focuses on delivering investment management excellence that investors can rely on—now and over the long term.

T.RowePrice®

Additional Disclosure

Source: MSCI. MSCI and its affiliates and third-party sources and providers (collectively, "MSCI") makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indices or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, reviewed or produced by MSCI. Historical MSCI data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. None of the MSCI data is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such.

Important Information

This material is being furnished for general informational and/or marketing purposes only. This material is being furnished for general informational purposes only. The material does not constitute or undertake to give advice of any nature, including fiduciary investment advice, nor is it intended to serve as the primary basis for an investment decision. Prospective investors are recommended to seek independent legal, financial and tax advice before making any investment decision. T. Rowe Price group of companies including T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and/or its affiliates receive revenue from T. Rowe Price investment products and services. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The value of an investment and any income from it can go down as well as up. Investors may get back less than the amount invested.

The material does not constitute a distribution, an offer, an invitation, a personal or general recommendation or solicitation to sell or buy any securities in any jurisdiction or to conduct any particular investment activity. The material has not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in any jurisdiction.

Information and opinions presented have been obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable and current; however, we cannot guarantee the sources' accuracy or completeness. There is no guarantee that any forecasts made will come to pass. The views contained herein are as of the date written and are subject to change without notice; these views may differ from those of other T. Rowe Price group companies and/or associates. Under no circumstances should the material, in whole or in part, be copied or redistributed without consent from T. Rowe Price.

The material is not intended for use by persons in jurisdictions which prohibit or restrict the distribution of the material and in certain countries the material is provided upon specific request.

It is not intended for distribution to retail investors in any jurisdiction.

DIFC—Issued in the Dubai International Financial Centre by T. Rowe Price International Ltd which is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority as a Representative Office. For Professional Clients only.

EEA—Unless indicated otherwise this material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price (Luxembourg) Management S.à r.l. 35 Boulevard du Prince Henri L-1724 Luxembourg which is authorised and regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. For Professional Clients only.

South Africa—Issued in South Africa by T. Rowe Price International Ltd (TRPIL), Warwick Court, 5 Paternoster Square, London, EC4M 7DX, is an authorised financial services provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002 (Financial Services Provider (FSP) Licence Number 31935), authorised to provide "intermediary services" to South African Investors. TRPIL 's Complaint Handling Procedures are available to clients upon request. The Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act Ombud in South Africa deals with complaints from clients against FSPs in relation to the specific services rendered by FSPs. The contact details are noted below: Telephone: +27 12 762 5000, Web: www.faisombud.co.za, Email: info@faisombud.co.za

Switzerland—Issued in Switzerland by T. Rowe Price (Switzerland) GmbH, Talstrasse 65, 6th Floor, 8001 Zurich, Switzerland. For Qualified Investors only.

UK—This material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price International Ltd, Warwick Court, 5 Paternoster Square, London EC4M 7DX which is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority. For Professional Clients only.

© 2023 T. Rowe Price. All Rights Reserved. T. ROWE PRICE, INVEST WITH CONFIDENCE, and the Bighorn Sheep design are, collectively and/or apart, trademarks of T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.